






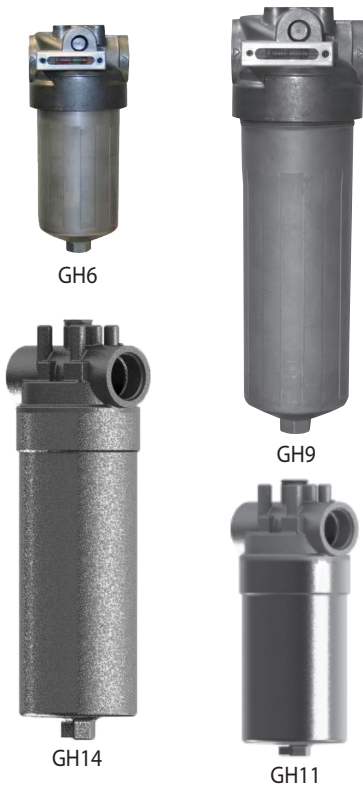
Section 4:  
up to 1500 psi

# MEDIUM PRESSURE FILTERS

# Section 4

# Medium Pressure Filters Selection Guide

		Pressure psi (bar)	Flow gpm (L/min)	Element Length/Size	Page
Medium Pressure Filters (up to 1500 psi)	<b>Top-Ported Medium Pressure Return Line Filters</b>				
	<a href="#">GH</a> 	725 (50)	35 (130)	6G, 9G	163
	<a href="#">RLT</a>	1400 (97)	70 (265)	9V, 14V	169
	<a href="#">KF5</a> 	500 (35)	100 (380)	K	173
	<a href="#">SRLT</a>	1400 (100)	25 (100)	6R	177
	<b>Base-Ported Medium Pressure Filters</b>				
	<a href="#">K9</a> 	900 (60)	100 (380)	K, KK, 27K	181
	<a href="#">2K9</a> 	900 (60)	100 (380)	K, KK, 27K	185
	<a href="#">3K9</a> 	900 (60)	100 (380)	K, KK, 27K	185
	<a href="#">QF5</a>	500 (35)	300 (1135)	16Q, 16QCLQF, 16QPML, 39Q, 39QCLQF, 39QPML	189
	<a href="#">QF5i</a>	500 (35)	120 (454)	16QCLQF, 39QCLQF	193
	<a href="#">2QF5</a>	500 (35)	300 (1135)	16Q, 16QCLQF, 16QPML, 39Q, 39QCLQF, 39QPML	197
	<a href="#">3QF5</a>	500 (35)	300 (1135)	16Q, 16QCLQF, 16QPML, 39Q, 39QCLQF, 39QPML	197
	<a href="#">QFD5</a>	500 (35)	350 (1325)	16Q, 16QCLQF, 16QPML, 39Q, 39QCLQF, 39QPML	201
	<a href="#">QF15</a>	1500 (100)	450 (1700)	16Q, 16QCLQF, 16QPML, 39Q, 39QCLQF, 39QPML	205
<a href="#">QLF15</a>	1500 (100)	500 (1900)	16Q, 16QCLQF, 16QPML, 39Q, 39QCLQF, 39QPML	209	
<a href="#">SSQLF15</a>	1500 (100)	500 (1900)	16Q, 16QPML, 39Q, 39QPML	213	



Model No. of filters in photograph are GH6, GH9, GH11, and GH14.

### Features and Benefits

- Variety of differential indicator port options (visual and electrical indicators)
- Leak proof bar indicator, rugged visual indicator with protective aluminum shield is standard
- Proprietary bowl to element seal - minimizes potential leakage point by use of one seal on element
- Cartridge style element (non spin-on) that is proprietary and patented with integrated bypass valve features
- Wide variety of media grades that can be application specific
- Light weight bowl design with replaceable element minimizes landfill waste
- Mounting interchangeability with competitor's filter head
- The inherent capability to pre-print the perforated outer element wrap provides a branding solution that helps to capture after-market replacement element sales
- GH6 – Bolt up cartridge element replacement for the Donaldson DURAMAX HMK04 w/ 5.9" Spin-On Can
- GH9 – Bolt up cartridge element replacement for the Donaldson DURAMAX HMK04 w/ 9.4" Spin-On Can
- GH11 – Bolt up cartridge element replacement for the Donaldson DURAMAX HMK05 w/ 11.6" Spin-On Can
- GH14 – Bolt up cartridge element replacement for the Donaldson DURAMAX HMK05 w/ 14.3" Spin-On Can
- Same day shipment model available (GH6 & GH9)

**Si** Part of Schroeder Industries' Energy Sustainability Initiative

**35-112 gpm**  
**130-425 L/min**  
**500-725 psi**  
**35-50 bar**

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

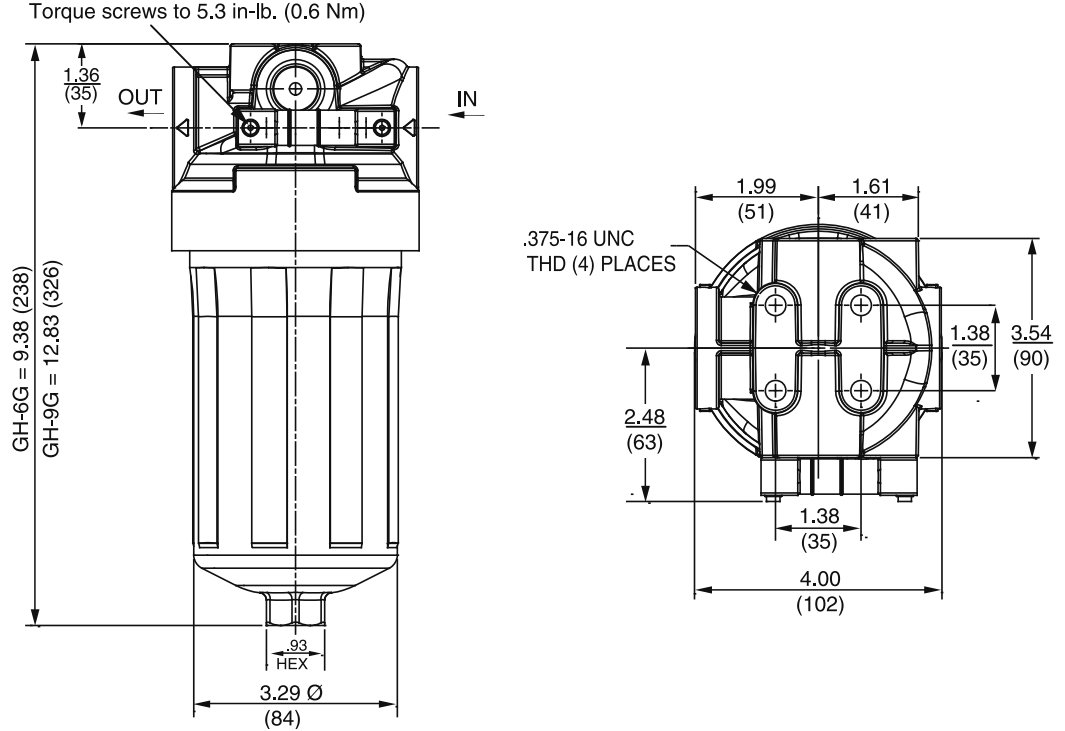
### Filter Housing Specifications

	GH6	GH9	GH11	GH14
Flow Rating: (150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids)	Up to 35 gpm (130 L/min)	Up to 35 gpm (130 L/min)	Up to 87 gpm (325 L/min)	Up to 112 gpm (425 L/min)
Max. Operating Pressure:	725 psi (50 bar)	725 psi (50 bar)	500 psi (35 bar)	500 psi (35 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	2600 psi (179 bar)	2600 psi (179 bar)	2700 psi (186 bar)	2700 psi (186 bar)
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	725 psi (50 bar)	725 psi (50 bar)	500 psi (35 bar)	500 psi (35 bar)
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)	-22°F to 212°F (-30°C to 100°C)	-22°F to 212°F (-30°C to 100°C)
Bypass Setting:	25 psi (1.7 bar) standard 50 psi (3.5 bar) optional Non-Bypassing	25 psi (1.7 bar) standard 50 psi (3.5 bar) optional Non-Bypassing	43 psi (3 bar) standard 87 psi (6 bar) optional Non-Bypassing	43 psi (3 bar) standard 87 psi (6 bar) optional Non-Bypassing
Porting Head:	Cast Aluminum	Cast Aluminum	Cast Aluminum	Cast Aluminum
Element Case:	Aluminum	Aluminum	Aluminum	Aluminum
Weight:	3.2 lbs (1.4 kg)	3.8 lbs (1.7 kg)	8.0 lbs (3.6 kg)	10.0 lbs (4.5 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	2" (50 mm)	2" (50 mm)	7.4" (187 mm)	7.4" (187 mm)

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All media (synthetic) and H media (Hydraspin)

### Fluid Compatibility

### Dimensions (GH6 & GH9)



Metric dimensions in ( ).

### Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Media Type	Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
		$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$
Resin Impregnated	6G3/9G3	6.8	7.5	10.0	N/A	N/A
Cellulose Media	6G10/9G10	15.5	16.2	18.0	N/A	N/A
Traditional Excellement* Z-Media*	6GZ3 / 9GZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	6GZ5 / 9GZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	6GZ10 / 9GZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	6GZ25 / 9GZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
Hydraspin H Media, designed to specifically reduce filter pressure drop	6GH10/ 9GH10	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.6	13.0
Media Type	Element	DHC (gm)				
Resin Impregnated	6G3/9G3	18/30				
Cellulose Media	6G10/9G10	15/25				
Traditional Excellement* Z-Media*	6GZ3 / 9GZ3	30/51				
	6GZ5 / 9GZ5	24.5/42				
	6GZ10 / 9GZ10	31/49				
	6GZ25 / 9GZ25	34/58				
Hydraspin H Media, designed to specifically reduce filter pressure drop	6GH10/9GH10	12/20				

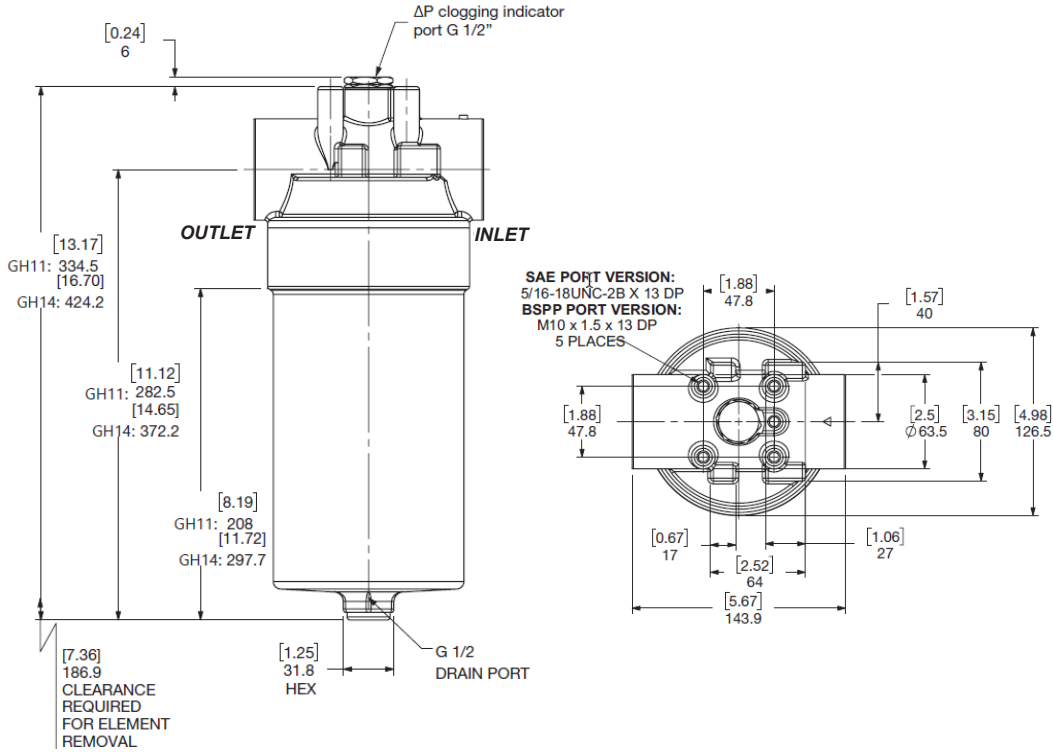
Element Collapse Rating: 250 psid (17.2 bar) for standard and non-bypassing elements

Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal 6G: 3.25" (82 mm) O.D. x 5.7" (144 mm) long

Dimensions: 9G: 3.25" (82 mm) O.D. x 9.0" (229 mm) long

## Dimensions (GH11 & GH14)



Metric dimensions in ( ).

Media Type	Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
		$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$
Traditional	11GZ3/14GZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	11GZ5/14GZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
Excellement*	11GZ10/14GZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
Z-Media*	11GZ25/14GZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

## Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Media Type	Element	DHC (gm)
Traditional	11GZ3/14GZ3	53/75
	11GZ5/14GZ5	75/105
Excellement*	11GZ10/14GZ10	60/84
Z-Media*	11GZ25/14GZ25	61/85

Element Collapse Rating: 290 psid (17.2 bar) for standard and non-bypassing elements

Flow Direction: Outside In

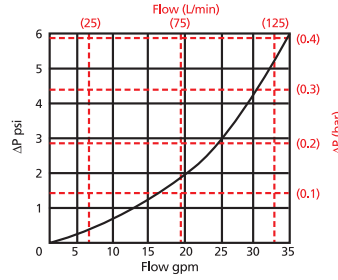
Element Nominal 11G: 3.7" (94 mm) O.D. x 7.6" (193 mm) long

Dimensions: 14G: 3.7" (94 mm) O.D. x 11.1" (282 mm) long

Pressure  
Drop  
Information  
(GH6 & GH9)  
Based on  
Flow Rate  
and Viscosity

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

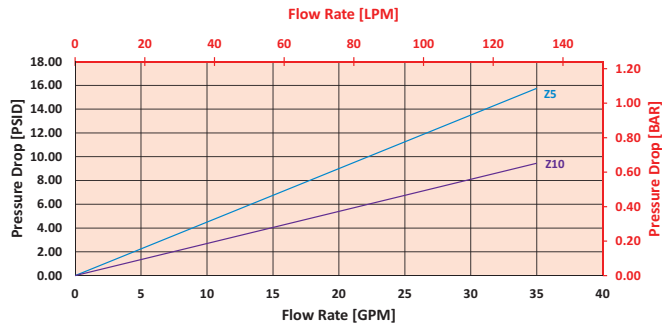
GH  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

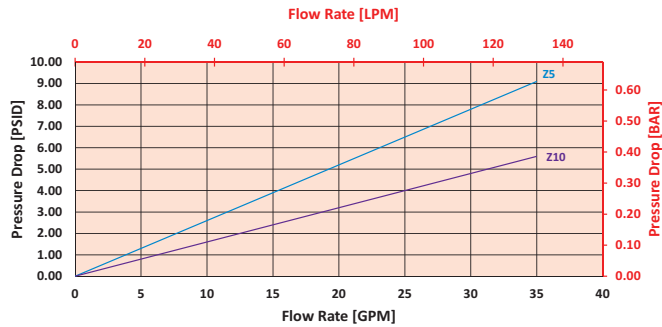
6GZ

**Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)**



9GZ

**Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)**



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

Exercise:

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 15 gpm (57 L/min) for GH6GZ10S12L using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 15 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 1.5 psi (0.10 bar) on the graph for the GH housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 15 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 4 psi (0.27 bar) according to the graph for the 6GZ10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential,  $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$ . The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

Solution:

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 1.5 \text{ psi [0.10 bar]} \quad | \quad \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 4 \text{ psi [0.27 bar]}$

$V_f = 160 \text{ SUS (34 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = 1.1$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 1.5 \text{ psi} + (4 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 5.9 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 0.10 \text{ bar} + (0.27 \text{ bar} * 1.1) = 0.40 \text{ bar}$

**Note:**

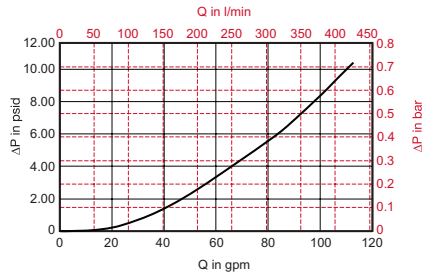
If your element is not graphed, you can obtain your  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  by multiplying the flow rate by the following:  $\Delta P_{\text{element}} \text{ Factors} * V_f$  (Visc Factor)

$\Delta P_{\text{element}} \text{ Factors @ 150 SUS (32 cSt)}$

Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
6G3	0.60	9G3	0.35
6G10	0.40	9G10	0.24
6G25	0.08	9G25	0.05
6GH10	C/F	9GH10	C/F
6GZ3	0.60	9GZ3	0.35
6GZ25	C/F	9GZ25	C/F

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

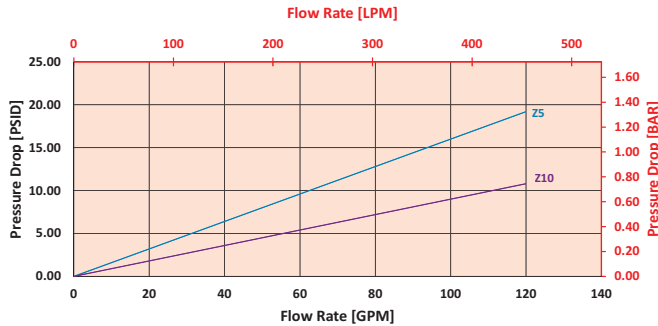
GH  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

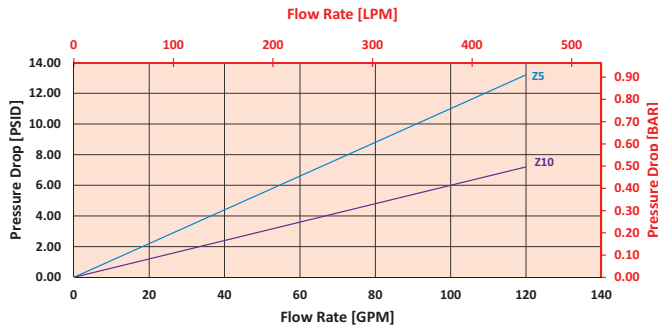
11GZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



14GZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 60 gpm (227.4 L/min) for GH11GZ10S24VA using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 60 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 3 psi (0.21 bar) on the graph for the GH housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 60 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 5 psi (0.34 bar) according to the graph for the 11GZ10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential, ( $\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f$ ). The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 3 \text{ psi [0.21 bar]} \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 5 \text{ psi [0.34 bar]}$

$V_f = 160 \text{ SUS (34 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = 1.1$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 3 \text{ psi} + (5 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 8.5 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 0.21 \text{ bar} + (0.34 \text{ bar} * 1.1) = 0.58 \text{ bar}$

Pressure Drop Information (GH11 & GH14) Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

Note: If your element is not graphed, you can obtain your  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  by multiplying the flow rate by the following:  $\Delta P_{\text{element}} \text{ Factors} * VP \text{ (Visc Factor)}$   
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} \text{ Factors @ 150 SUS (32 cSt)}$

Ele.	$\Delta P$
11GZ3	0.21
11GZ25	0.06
14GZ3	0.14
14GZ25	0.04

## Filter Model Number Selection (GH6 & GH9)

Highlighted product eligible for **QuickDelivery**

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder GH6/GH9:

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7
GH						

Example: NOTE: One option per box

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	
GH	6	GZ10			S16	L	= GH6GZ10S16L

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Part Number</b>	<b>Bypass Setting</b>
GH	6 9	G3 = 3 μ E media (cellulose) G10 = 10 μ E media (cellulose) G25 = 25 μ E media (cellulose)  GZ3 = 3 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) GZ5 = 5 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) GZ10 = 10 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) GZ25 = 25 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) GH10 = 10 μ Excellement® Hydraspin media	Omit = 25 psid 50 = 50 psid N = Non-bypassing

BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7						
<b>Element Seal Material</b>	<b>Inlet Port</b>	<b>Dirt Alarm® Options</b>						
Omit = Buna N	S12 = SAE-12 S16 = SAE-16 B12 = ISO 228 G-3/4" B16 = ISO 228 G-1"	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Omit = None</td> <td>Indicator Location Option L</td> </tr> <tr> <td>                     Visual                      L = Bar indicator, left side std                      R = Bar indicator, right side std                      B = Bar indicators, left and right side                      VA = Visual pop-up w/auto reset                      VM = Visual pop-up w/manual reset                 </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>                     Omit = None                      M = Drilled, tapped, plugged                      Electrical                      DTC = DC 2 wire, normally closed (NC)                      DTO = DC 2 wire, normally open (NO)                      DW = AC/DC 3-wire (NO or NC)                 </td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Omit = None	Indicator Location Option L	Visual L = Bar indicator, left side std R = Bar indicator, right side std B = Bar indicators, left and right side VA = Visual pop-up w/auto reset VM = Visual pop-up w/manual reset		Omit = None M = Drilled, tapped, plugged Electrical DTC = DC 2 wire, normally closed (NC) DTO = DC 2 wire, normally open (NO) DW = AC/DC 3-wire (NO or NC)	
Omit = None	Indicator Location Option L							
Visual L = Bar indicator, left side std R = Bar indicator, right side std B = Bar indicators, left and right side VA = Visual pop-up w/auto reset VM = Visual pop-up w/manual reset								
Omit = None M = Drilled, tapped, plugged Electrical DTC = DC 2 wire, normally closed (NC) DTO = DC 2 wire, normally open (NO) DW = AC/DC 3-wire (NO or NC)								

## Filter Model Number Selection (GH11 & GH14)

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder GH11/GH14:

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7
GH						

Example: NOTE: One option per box

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	
GH	11	GZ10	87		S24	VA	= GH11GZ1087S24VA

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Part Number</b>	<b>Bypass Setting</b>
GH	11 14	GZ3 = 3 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) GZ5 = 5 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) GZ10 = 10 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) GZ25 = 25 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)	Omit = 47 psid 87 = 87 psid N = Non-bypassing

BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7			
<b>Element Seal Material</b>	<b>Inlet Port</b>	<b>Dirt Alarm® Options</b>			
Omit = Buna N V = Viton	B24 = ISO 228 G-1 1/2" S24 = SAE 24 Straight Thread Ports	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Omit = None</td> </tr> <tr> <td>                     Visual                      VA = Visual pop-up w/auto reset                      VM = Visual pop-up w/manual reset                      VF = Visual analog                 </td> </tr> <tr> <td>                     Electrical                      EC = Electrical switch - SPDT                      ED = Electrical switch and LED light - SPDT                 </td> </tr> </table>	Omit = None	Visual VA = Visual pop-up w/auto reset VM = Visual pop-up w/manual reset VF = Visual analog	Electrical EC = Electrical switch - SPDT ED = Electrical switch and LED light - SPDT
Omit = None					
Visual VA = Visual pop-up w/auto reset VM = Visual pop-up w/manual reset VF = Visual analog					
Electrical EC = Electrical switch - SPDT ED = Electrical switch and LED light - SPDT					

**NOTES:**

Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3 and 4. Replacement elements contain bypass. For 50 psid setting or non-bypassing version, element part number includes suffix. Examples: 11GZ1050, 14GZ10N.

Box 7. VA and VM indicators are available with 50 psid bypass element only.



# Medium Pressure Filter

**RLT**



### Features and Benefits

- Durable, compact design
- Quick and easy cartridge element changeouts
- Available in 9" and 14" element lengths
- Lightweight at 8 pounds
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, flange and ISO 228 porting
- Available with NPTF inlet and outlet female test ports
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- Same day shipment model available

70 gpm  
265 L/min  
 1400 psi  
 97 bar

GH

**RLT**

KF5

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

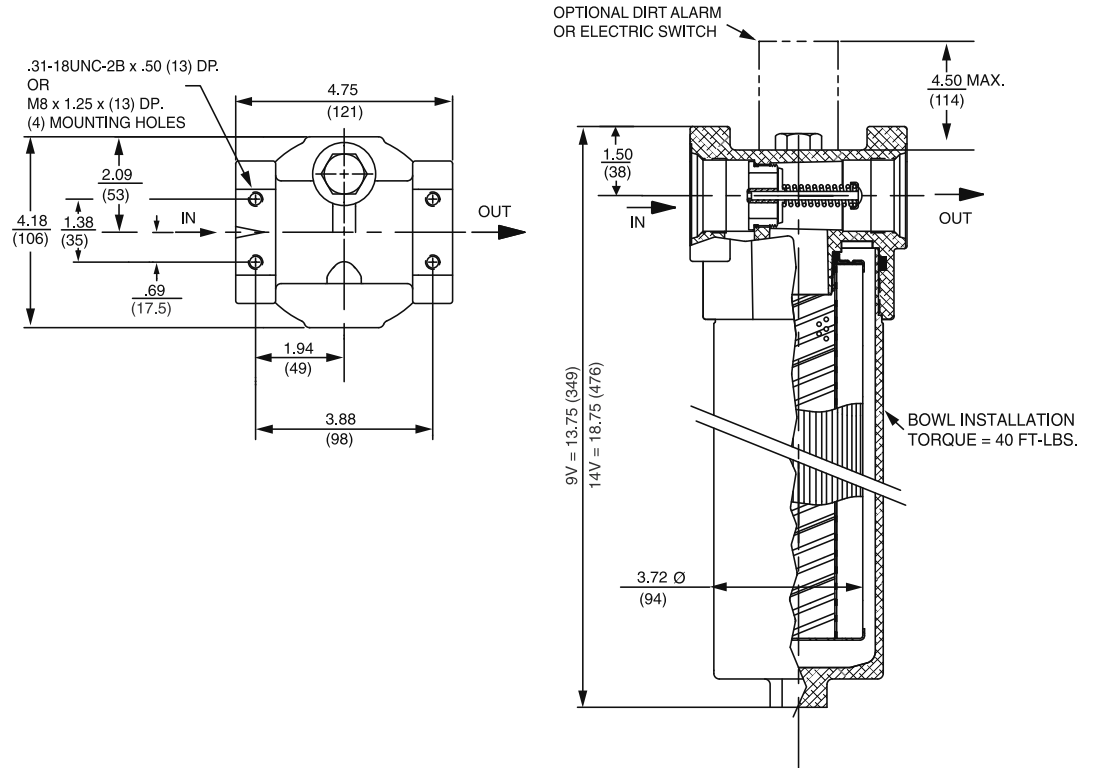
Model No. of filter in photograph is RLT9VZ10P20D5.

Flow Rating:	Up to 70 gpm (265 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids for P20, S20, & B20 porting Up to 50 gpm (190 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids for P16, S16, F16, F20 & B16 porting
Max. Operating Pressure:	1400 psi (97 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	4200 psi (290 bar) , per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	415 psi (29 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 40 psi (2.8 bar) for all porting Full Flow: 57 psi (3.9 bar) for P20 & S20 porting Full Flow: 75 psi (5.2 bar) for P16, S16, F16 & F20 porting
Porting Head:	Aluminum
Element Case:	Aluminum
Weight of RLT-9V:	6.7 lbs. (3.0 kg)
Weight of RLT-14V:	8.0 lbs. (3.6 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	9V & 14V: 2.75" (70 mm)

### Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose) and Z-Media® (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 µ Z-Media® (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation
Skydrol®	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals and stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior)

### Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in ( ).  
 Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.  
 For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

### Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_{x(c)} \geq 200$	$\beta_{x(c)} \geq 1000$
9VZ1/14VZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
9VZ3/14VZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
9VZ5/14VZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
9VZ10/14VZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
9VZ25/14VZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
9VZ1	55	14VZ1	102
9VZ3	57	14VZ3	105
9VZ5	62	14VZ5	115
9VZ10	52	14VZ10	104
9VZ25	48	14VZ25	94

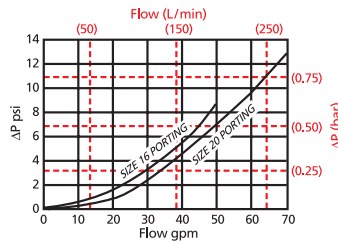
Element Collapse Rating: 150 psid (10 bar)  
 500 psid (34.5 bar) for hydrostatic high collapse (9V5Z and 14V5Z) version

Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions: 9V: 3.0" (75 mm) O.D. x 9.5" (240 mm) long  
 14V: 3.0" (75 mm) O.D. x 14.5" (370 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

RLT  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:

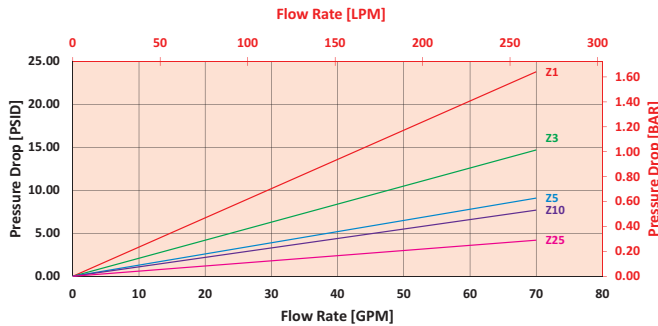


Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

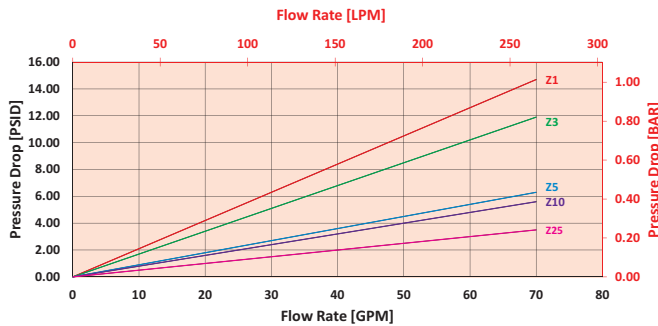
9VZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



14VZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 40 gpm (151.6 L/min) for RLT9VZ10S20D5 using 175 SUS (37.2 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 40 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 4.5 psi (.31 bar) on the graph for the RLT housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 40 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 6 psi (.415 bar) according to the graph for the 9VZ10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 175 SUS (37.2 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential,  $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$ . The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 4.5 \text{ psi } [.31 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 6 \text{ psi } [.415 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 175 \text{ SUS } (37.2 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = 1.2$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 4.5 \text{ psi } + (6 \text{ psi } * 1.2) = 9.3 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .31 \text{ bar } + (.415 \text{ bar } * 1.2) = .63 \text{ bar}$

Note:

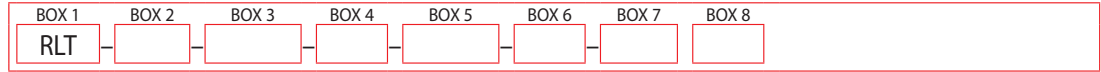
If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
9V3	0.32	14V3	0.19
9V10	0.24	14V10	0.15

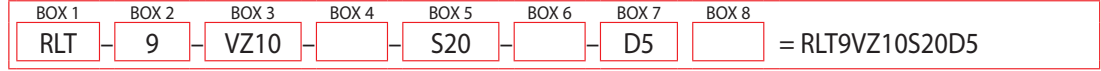
## Filter Model Number Selection

Highlighted product eligible for **QuickDelivery**

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder RLT:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Size and Media</b>	
RLT	9	VZ1 = V size 1 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) VZ3 = V size 3 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) VZ5 = V size 5 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) <b>VZ10 = V size 10 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)</b> VZ25 = V size 25 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) VW = V size W media (water removal) V5Z3 = V size 3 μ Excellement® media, 500 psid collapse V5Z5 = V size 5 μ Excellement® media, 500 psid collapse V5Z10 = V size 10 μ Excellement® media, 500 psid collapse V5Z25 = V size 25 μ Excellement® media, 500 psid collapse Water Service Element Options VM60 = V size 60 μ M media (reusable metal) VM150 = V size 150 μ M media ( reusable metal) VM260 = V size 260 μ M media (reusable metal)	
RLTN <small>(Non-bypassing: requires V5Z high collapse elements)</small>	14	<b>Seal Material</b> Omit = Buna N H = EPR V = Viton® H.5 = Skydrol® Compatibility	
WRWT <small>(Water)</small>			

BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8
<b>Porting Options</b>	<b>Bypass</b>	<b>Dirt Alarm® Options</b>	<b>Additional Options</b>
P16 = 1" NPTF P20 = 1 1/4" NPTF S16 = SAE-16 <b>S20 = SAE-20</b> F20 = 1 1/4" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 B16 = ISO 228 G-1" B20 = ISO 228 G-1 1/4"	Omit = 40 PSI Bypass 50 = 50 PSI Bypass 60 = 60 PSI Bypass X = Blocked Bypass (Omit box 6 if a RLTN is selected)	None      Omit = None Visual      D5 = Visual pop-up D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout Electrical MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector Electrical with Thermal Lockout MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T Electrical Visual MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end) Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT	Omit = None L = Two 1/4" NPTF inlet and outlet female test ports

**NOTES:**

- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, and 4. Example: 9VZ10V
- Box 3. E media elements are only available with Buna N seals. V5Z10 and V5Z25 are only available with RLTN 9".
- Box 4. For options H, V, and H.5, all aluminum parts are anodized. H.5 seal designation includes the following: EPR seals, stainless steel wire mesh on elements, and light oil coating on housing exterior. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers. Skydrol® is a registered trademark of Solutia Inc.
- Box 5. B porting supplied with metric mounting holes.
- Box 6. When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.

# Medium Pressure Filter

# KF5



### Features and Benefits

- Meets HF4 automotive standard
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, flange and ISO 228 porting
- Available with NPTF inlet and outlet female test ports
- KFN5 non-bypass version with high collapse elements also available
- Various Dirt Alarm<sup>®</sup> options
- Allows consolidation of inventoried replacement elements by using K-size elements
- Also available with DirtCatcher<sup>®</sup> elements (KD & KKD)
- G** Available with quality-protected GeoSeal<sup>®</sup> Elements (GKF5)

100 gpm  
**380 L/min**  
 500 psi  
**35 bar**

GH

RLT

**KF5**

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

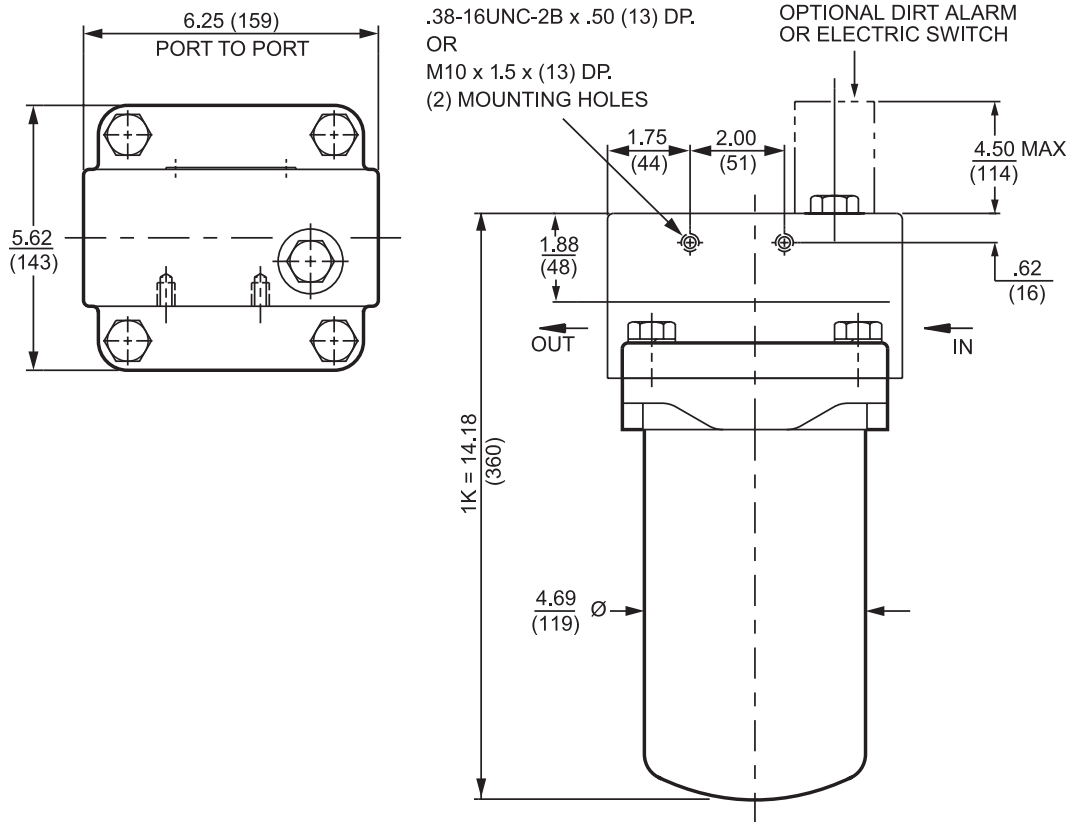
Model No. of filter in photograph is KF51KZ10SD5.

Flow Rating:	Up to 100 gpm (380 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	500 psi (35 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	1500 psi (100 bar) , per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	300 psi (35 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 40 psi (2.8 bar) Full Flow: 61 psi (4.2 bar)
Porting Head:	Grey Cast Iron
Element Case:	Steel
Weight of KF5-1K:	23.2 lbs. (10.5 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	2.0" (51 mm)

### Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose), Z-Media <sup>®</sup> and ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic), 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic), 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic), 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and 3 and 10 μ E media (cellulose) with H (EPR) seal designation, 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Skydrol <sup>®</sup>	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals & stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior), 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)

### Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in (.).  
 Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.  
 For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

### Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

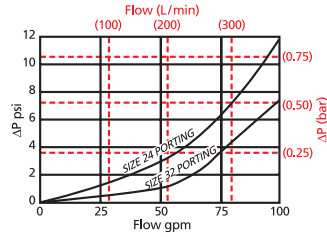
Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$
KZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
KZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
KZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
KZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
KZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
KZW1	N/A	N/A	N/A	<4.0	<4.0
KZW3	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.0	4.8
KZW5	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.1	6.4
KZW10	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.9	8.6
KZW25	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.4	18.5

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
KZ1	112	KZW1	61	KDZ1	89
KZ3/KAS3	115	KZW3	64	KDZ3	71
KZ5/KAS5	119	KZW5	63	KDZ5	100
KZ10/KAS10	108	KZW10	67	KDZ10	80
KZ25	93	KZW25	79	KDZ25	81

Element Collapse Rating: 150 psid (10 bar) for standard elements  
 Flow Direction: Outside In  
 Element Nominal Dimensions: 3.9" (99 mm) O.D. x 9.0" (230 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

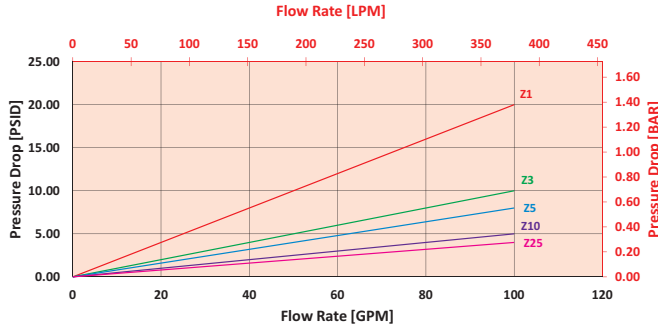
KF5  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

KZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



Pressure Drop Information  
Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

Exercise:

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 50 gpm (189.5 L/min) for KF51KZ10S24D5 using 200 SUS (42.6 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 50 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 3 psi (.21 bar) on the graph for the KF5 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 50 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 2 psi (.14 bar) according to the graph for the KZ10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 200 SUS (42.6 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential, ( $\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f$ ). The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

Solution:

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 3 \text{ psi } [.21 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 2 \text{ psi } [.14 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 200 \text{ SUS } (42.6 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = 1.3$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 3 \text{ psi } + (2 \text{ psi } * 1.3) = 5.6 \text{ psi}$

OR

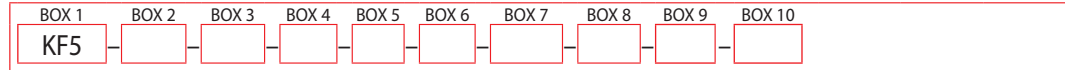
$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .21 \text{ bar } + (.14 \text{ bar } * 1.3) = .40 \text{ bar}$

Note:  
If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

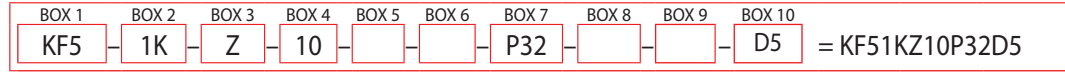
Ele.	$\Delta P$
K3	0.25
K10	0.09
K25	0.02
KAS3	0.10
KAS5	0.08
KAS10	0.05
KDZ1	0.24
KDZ3	0.12
KDZ5	0.10
KDZ10	0.06
KDZ25	0.04
KZW1	0.43
KZW3	0.32
KZW5	0.28
KZW10	0.23
KZW25	0.14

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder KF5:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4
<b>Filter Series</b> KF5 KFN5 <small>(Non-bypass: req. ZX/MXX hi-collapse elements)</small> WKFN5 <small>(Water)</small> WKFN5 <small>(Water)</small> GKFN5 <small>(GeoSeal)</small>	<b>Number &amp; Size of Elements</b> 1 K GeoSeal® Options 1 KG	<b>Media Type</b> Omit = E media (Cellulose) AS = Anti-Static Pleated media Z = Excellement® Z-Media® (Synthetic) ZW = Aqua-Excellement® ZW media ZX = Excellement® Z-Media® (High Collapse Centertube) W = Water Removal media M = M media (Reusable Metal) MXX = M media (reusable metal mesh; high collapse centertube) DZ = DirtCatcher® Excellement® Z-Media®	<b>Micron Rating</b> 1 = 1 μ (Z, ZW, ZX and DZ media) 3 = 3 μ (E, AS, Z, ZW, ZX and DZ media) 5 = 5 μ (AS, Z, ZW, ZX and DZ media) 10 = 10 μ (E, AS, Z, ZW, ZX, M and DZ media) 25 = 25 μ (E, Z, ZW, ZX, M, MXX and DZ media) 60 = 60 μ (M media)
	<b>BOX 5</b> <b>Seal Material</b> Omit = Buna N H = EPR V = Viton® H.5 = Skydrol® Compatibility	<b>BOX 6</b> <b>Magnetic Option</b> Omit = None M = Magnet Inserts	<b>BOX 7</b> <b>Porting Options</b> P24 = 1½" NPTF P32 = 2" NPTF S24 = SAE-24 S32 = SAE-32 F24 = 1½" SAE split 4-bolt flange Code 61 B24 = ISO 228 G-1½"
	<b>BOX 9</b> <b>Test Port Options</b> Omit = None L = Two ¼" NPTF inlet and outlet female test ports	<b>BOX 10</b> <b>Dirt Alarm® Options</b> Omit = None Visual D = Pointer D5 = Visual pop-up Visual with Thermal Lockout D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout Electrical MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector Electrical with Thermal Lockout MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T Electrical Visual MS = Cam operated switch w/ ½" conduit female connection MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end) Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT	

#### NOTES:

Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, 4 and 5.  
 Example: KZ10V  
 High collapse media only available with KFN5.

Box 5. For options H, V, and H.5, all aluminum parts are anodized.  
 H.5 seal designation includes the following: EPR seals, stainless steel wire mesh on elements, and light oil coating on housing exterior.  
 Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.  
 Skydrol® is a registered trademark of Solutia Inc.

Box 7. B porting supplied with metric mounting holes.



# Medium Pressure Filter

# SRLT



### Features and Benefits

- Smaller, compact version of the RLТ
- Quick and easy cartridge element changeouts
- Lightweight at 3 pounds
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread and ISO 228 porting
- Available with NPTF inlet and outlet female test ports
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- Same day shipment model available

25 gpm  
100 L/min  
 1400 psi  
 100 bar

GH

RLT

KF5

**SRLT**

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

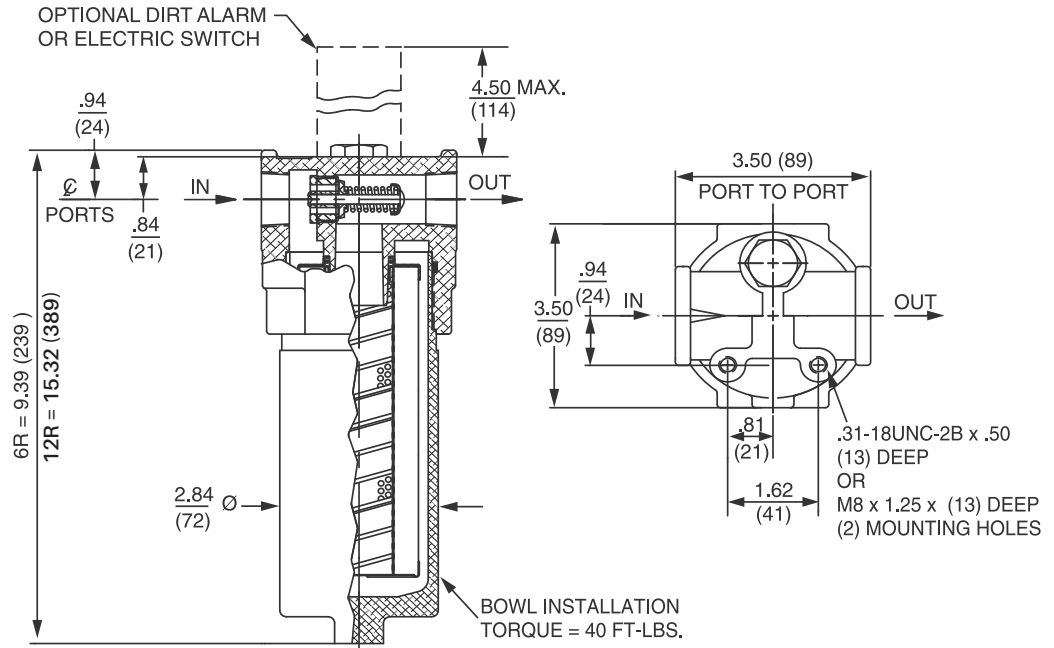
Model No. of filter in photograph is SRLT6RZ10S12D5.

Flow Rating:	Up to 25 gpm (100 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	1400 psi (100 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	4000 psi (276 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	750 psi (52 bar) per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 40 psi (2.8 bar) Full Flow: 55 psi (3.8 bar)
Porting Head:	Aluminum
Element Case:	Aluminum
Weight of SRLT-6R:	3.0 lbs. (1.4 kg)
Weight of SRLT-12R:	4.5 lbs. (2 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	2.75" (70 mm)

### Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose) and Z-Media® (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media® (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media® (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation
Skydrol®	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media® (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals and stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior)

### Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in ( ).  
 Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.  
 For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

### Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

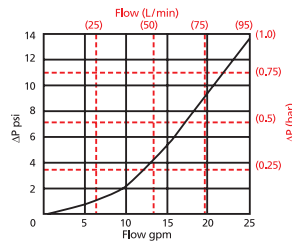
Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_{x(c)} \geq 200$	$\beta_{x(c)} \geq 1000$
6RZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
6RZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
6RZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
6RZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
6RZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
6RZ1	15	12RZ1	30
6RZ3	15	12RZ3	30
6RZ5	17	12RZ5	34
6RZ10	14	12RZ10	28
6RZ25	25	12RZ25	50

Element Collapse Rating: 150 psid (10 bar)  
 Flow Direction: Outside In  
 Element Nominal Dimensions: 2.0" (50 mm) O.D. x 6.0" (150 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

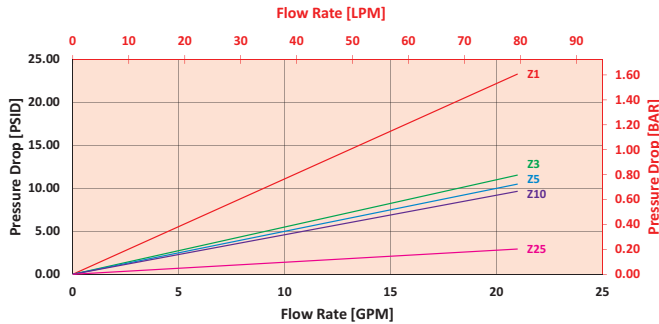
SRLT  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

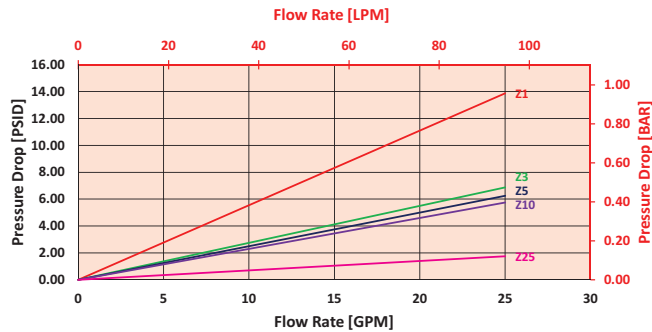
6RZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



12RZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 15 gpm (57 L/min) for SRLT6RZ10S12D5 using 100 SUS (21.3 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 15 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 5 psi (.34 bar) on the graph for the SRLT housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 15 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 7 psi (.48 bar) according to the graph for the 6RZ10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 100 SUS (21.3 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential, ( $\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f$ ). The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 5 \text{ psi } [.34 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 7 \text{ psi } [.48 \text{ bar}]$$

$$V_f = 100 \text{ SUS (21.3 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = .67$$

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 5 \text{ psi} + (7 \text{ psi} * .67) = 9.7 \text{ psi}$$

OR

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .34 \text{ bar} + (.48 \text{ bar} * .67) = .66 \text{ bar}$$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

Note:

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

Ele.	$\Delta P$
6R3	0.45
6R10	0.38

## Filter Model Number Selection

Highlighted product eligible for **QuickDelivery**

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder SRLT:

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8
SRLT							

Example: NOTE: One option per box

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8
SRLT	6	RZ10		S12			D5

= SRLT6RZ10S12D5

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Length of Element (in)</b>	<b>Element Size and Media</b>
SRLT <small>(requires RZ elements only)</small>	6	RZ1 = R size 1 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) RZ3 = R size 3 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) RZ5 = R size 5 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) RZ10 = R size 10 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) RZ25 = R size 25 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)
SRLTN <small>(Non-bypassing requires RSZ elements only)</small>	12	RW = R size W media (water removal) R5Z1 = R size 1 μ Excellement® Z-Media® 500 psid collapse R5Z3 = R size 3 μ Excellement® Z-Media® 500 psid collapse R5Z5 = R size 5 μ Excellement® Z-Media® 500 psid collapse R5Z10 = R size 10 μ Excellement® Z-Media® 500 psid collapse R5Z25 = R size 25 μ Excellement® Z-Media® 500 psid collapse

BOX 4
<b>Seal Material</b>
Omit = Buna N
H = EPR
V = Viton®
H.5 = Skydrol® Compatibility

BOX 5
<b>Porting</b>
P12= 3/4" NPTF
S12= SAE-12
B12 = ISO 228 G-3/4"

BOX 6
<b>Bypass</b>
Omit = 40 psi bypass setting
30 = 30 psi bypass setting
50 = 50 psi bypass setting
60 = 60 psi bypass setting

BOX 7
<b>Test Points</b>
Omit = None
L = Two 1/8" NPTF inlet and outlet female test ports

BOX 8	
<b>Dirt Alarm® Options</b>	
Omit = None	
Visual	D5 = Visual pop-up
Visual with Thermal Lockout	D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout
Electrical	MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable
	MS5LC = Low current MS5
	MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only)
	MS10LC = Low current MS10
	MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire
	MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only)
	MS12LC = Low current MS12
	MS16 = Electrical w/ weather packed sealed connector
	MS16LC = Low current MS16
	MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
Electrical with Thermal Lockout	MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
	MS5LCT = Low current MS5T
	MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
	MS10LCT = Low current MS10T
	MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
	MS12LCT = Low current MS12T
	MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
	MS16LCT = Low current MS16T
	MS17LCT = Low current MS17T
	Electrical Visual
MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)	
Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout	MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout
	MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT
	MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout
	MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

- NOTES:
- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, and 4. Example: 6R3V
  - Box 3. E media elements are only available with Buna N seals.
  - Box 4. For options H, V, and H.5, all aluminum parts are anodized. H.5 seal designation includes the following: EPR seals, stainless steel wire mesh on elements, and light oil coating on housing exterior. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers. Skydrol® is a registered trademark of Solutia Inc.
  - Box 5. B porting option supplied with metric mounting holes.

# Medium Pressure Filter

# K9



## Features and Benefits (K9)

- Extremely versatile multiple inlet and outlet ports; can be used alone or in series with another K9
- Top loading for easy access for element change-out
- Allows consolidation of inventoried replacement elements by using K-size elements
- Multiple inlet and outlet porting options reduce the need for additional adaptors on installation
- Can be fitted with test ports for oil sampling
- Small profile allows filter to be mounted in tight areas
- Various Dirt Alarm<sup>®</sup> options
- Meets HF4 automotive standard

**Si** Part of Schroeder Industries' Energy Sustainability Initiative

100 gpm  
**380 L/min**  
 900 psi  
**60 bar**

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

**K9**

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

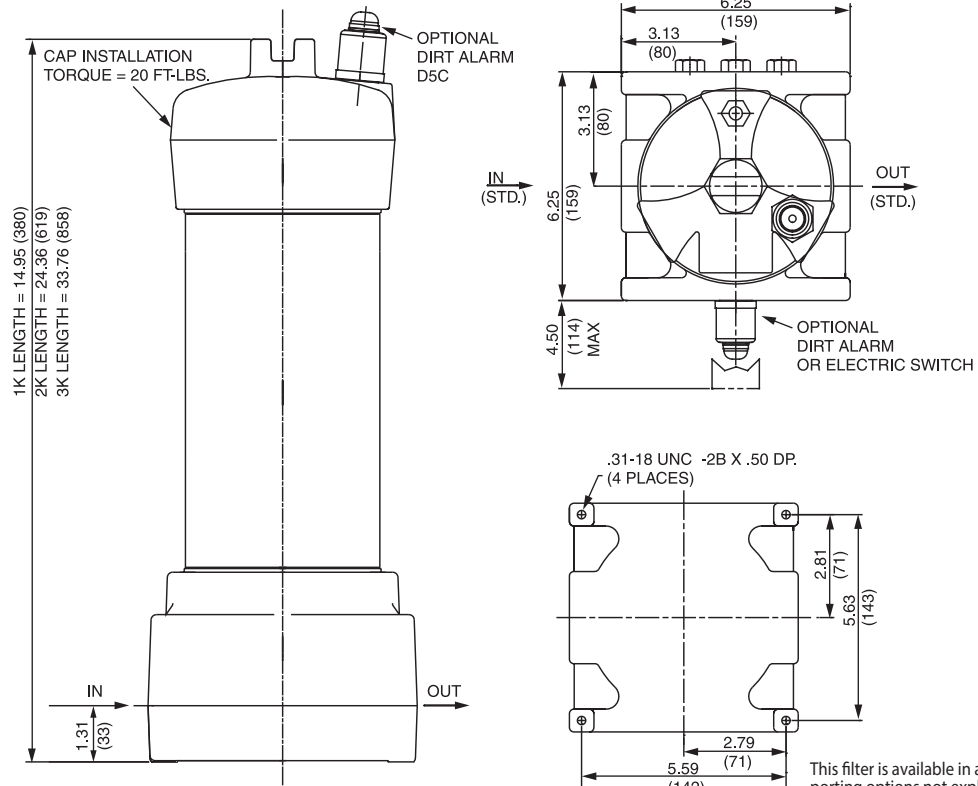
Model No. of filter in photograph is K91KZ5BP20NP20ND5C.

Flow Rating:	Up to 100 gpm (380 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	900 psi (60 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	3200 psi (220 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	750 psi (52 bar) per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 40 psi (2.8 bar) Full Flow: 80 psi (5.5 bar)
Porting Head & Cap:	Cast Aluminum
Element Case:	Steel
Weight of K9-1K:	19 lbs. (8.6 kg)
Weight of K9-2K:	30 lbs. (13.6 kg)
Weight of K9-3K:	41 lbs. (18.6 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	8.50" (215 mm) for 1K; 17.50" (445 mm) for KK; 26.5" (673 mm) for 27K

## Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose), Z-Media <sup>®</sup> and ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic), 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic), 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic), 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and 3 and 10 μ E media (cellulose) with H (EPR) seal designation, 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Skydrol <sup>®</sup>	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals and stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior), 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> Media (synthetic)

## Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in (.).  
 Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.  
 For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

This filter is available in additional porting options not explicitly shown here. Contact factory for details.

## Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$
KZ1/KKZ1/27KZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
KZ3/KAS3/KKZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
KZ5/KAS5/KKZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
KZ10/KAS10/KKZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
KZ25/KKZ25/27KZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
KZW1	N/A	N/A	N/A	<4.0	<4.0
KZW3/KKZW3	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.0	4.8
KZW5/KKZW5	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.1	6.4
KZW10/KKZW10	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.9	8.6
KZW25/KKZW25	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.4	18.5

### Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
KZ1	112	KKZ1	224	27KZ1	336	KZW1	61		
KZ3	115	KKZ3	230	27KZ3	345	KZW3	64	KKZW3	128
KZ5	119	KKZ5	238	27KZ5	357	KZW5	63	KKZW5	126
KZ10	108	KKZ10	216	27KZ10	324	KZW10	57	KKZW10	114
KZ25	93	KKZ25	186	27KZ25	279	KZW25	79	KKZW25	158

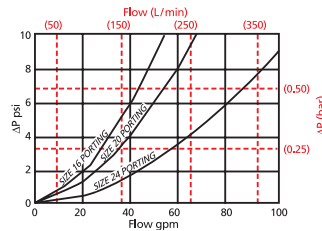
Element Collapse Rating: 150 psid (10 bar) for standard elements

Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions: K: 3.9" (99 mm) O.D. x 9.0" (230 mm) long  
 KK: 3.9" (99 mm) O.D. x 18.0" (460 mm) long  
 27K: 3.9" (99 mm) O.D. x 27.0" (690 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

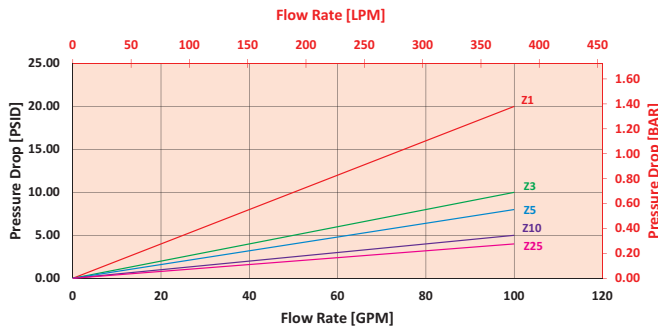
K9  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

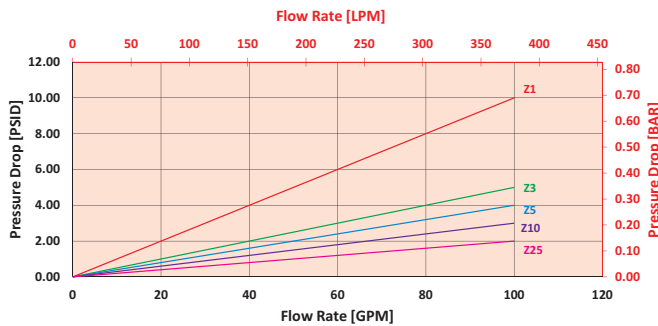
KZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



2KZ/KKZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 50 gpm (189.5 L/min) for K91KZ10BP16NP16ND5 using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 50 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 8 psi (.55 bar) on the graph for the K9 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 50 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 2 psi (.14 bar) according to the graph for the KZ10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential,  $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$ . The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 8 \text{ psi } [.55 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 2 \text{ psi } [.14 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 160 \text{ SUS (34 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = 1.1$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 8 \text{ psi} + (2 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 10.2 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .55 \text{ bar} + (.14 \text{ bar} * 1.1) = .70 \text{ bar}$

**Pressure Drop Information**  
Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

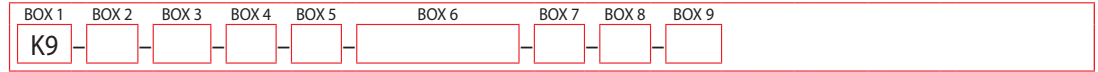
Note:

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$  Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

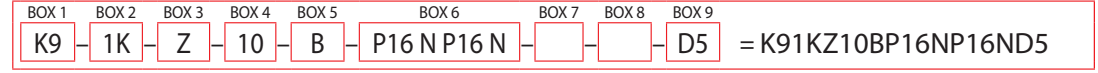
Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
K3	0.25	2K3/KK3	0.12	3KZ1/27KZ1	0.05
K10	0.09	2K10/KK10	0.05	3KZ3/27KZ3	0.03
K25	0.02	2K25/KK25	0.01	3KZ5/27KZ5	0.02
KAS3	0.10	2KAS3/KKAS3	0.05	3KZ10/27KZ10	0.02
KAS5	0.08	2KAS5/KKAS5	0.04	3KZ25/27KZ25	0.01
KAS10	0.05	2KAS10/KKAS10	0.03	3K3	0.08
KZX10	0.22	2KZX10/KKZX10	0.11	3K10	0.03
KZW1	0.43	2KZW1	-	3K25	0.01
KZW3	0.32	2KZW3/KKZW3	0.16	3KAS3/27KAS3	0.03
KZW5	0.28	2KZW5/KKZW5	0.14	3KAS5/27KAS5	0.02
KZW10	0.23	2KZW10/KKZW10	0.12	3KAS10/27KAS10	0.02
KZW25	0.14	2KZW25/KKZW25	0.07	3KZ10/27KZ10	0.07

## Filter Model Number Selection

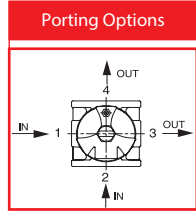
### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder K9:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5
<b>Filter Series</b> K9	<b>Number &amp; Size of Elements</b> 1 K, KK, 27K 2 K 3 K	<b>Media Type</b> Omit = E-media (cellulose) Z = Excellement® Z-Media® AS = Anti-Stat Pleat media (synthetic) ZW = Aqua-Excellement ZW media ZX = Excellement® Z-Media® (high collapse centertube) W = W media (water removal) M = media (reusable metal mesh)	<b>Micron Rating</b> 1 = 1 µ Z, ZW, ZX media 3 = 3 µ AS, E, Z, ZW, ZX media 5 = 5 µ AS, Z, ZW, ZX media 10 = 10 µ AS, E, M, Z, ZW, ZX media 25 = 25 µ E, M, Z, ZW, ZX media 60 = 60 µ M media 150 = 150 µ M media 260 = 260 µ M media	<b>Seal Material</b> B = Buna N V = Viton® H = EPR H.5 = Skydrol® Compatibility



### BOX 6 Specification of all 4 ports is required

Porting				Bypass
<b>Port 1 (standard)</b> N = None P16 = 1" NPTF P20 = 1 1/4" NPTF P24 = 1 1/2" NPTF S16 = SAE-16 S20 = SAE-20 S24 = SAE-24 B16 = ISO 228 G-1" B20 = ISO 228 G-1 1/4" B24 = ISO 228 G-1 1/2"	<b>Port 2</b> N = None P16 = 1" NPTF P20 = 1 1/4" NPTF P24 = 1 1/2" NPTF F16 = 1" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F20 = 1 1/4" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F24 = 1 1/2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 S16 = SAE-16 S20 = SAE-20 S24 = SAE-24 B16 = ISO 228 G-1" B20 = ISO 228 G-1 1/4" B24 = ISO 228 G-1 1/2"	<b>Port 3</b> N = None P16 = 1" NPTF P20 = 1 1/4" NPTF P24 = 1 1/2" NPTF S16 = SAE-16 S20 = SAE-20 S24 = SAE-24 B16 = ISO 228 G-1" B20 = ISO 228 G-1 1/4" B24 = ISO 228 G-1 1/2"	<b>Port 4</b> N = None P16 = 1" NPTF P20 = 1 1/4" NPTF P24 = 1 1/2" NPTF F16 = 1" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F20 = 1 1/4" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F24 = 1 1/2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 S16 = SAE-16 S20 = SAE-20 S24 = SAE-24 B16 = ISO 228 G-1" B20 = ISO 228 G-1 1/4" B24 = ISO 228 G-1 1/2"	<b>Bypass</b> Omit = 40 PSI Bypass X = Blocked bypass 10 = 10 psi bypass setting 20 = 20 psi bypass setting 25 = 25 psi bypass setting 30 = 30 psi bypass setting 60 = 60 psi bypass setting

- NOTES:**
- Box 2. Double and triple stacking of K-size elements can be replaced by KK and 27K elements, respectively. Number of elements must equal 1 when using KK or 27K elements. Replacement element part numbers are identical to contents of Boxes 2, 3, 4, and 5.
  - Box 5. For options H, V, and H.5, all aluminum parts are anodized. H.5 seal designation includes the following: EPR seals, stainless steel wire mesh on elements, and light oil coating on housing exterior. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers. Skydrol® is a registered trademark of Solutia Inc.
  - Box 7. When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.
  - Box 9. If location 1 is used as inlet port, dirt alarm will occupy location 2. If location 2 is used as inlet port, dirt alarm will occupy location 1. If dual inlet ports are specified, the only dirt alarm option is pop-up indicator in cap (D5C).

**BOX 8**

Test Points
Omit = None
U = Test point in cap (upstream)
UU = Test points in block (upstream and downstream)

**BOX 9**

Dirt Alarm® Options	
	Omit = None
Visual	D5 = Visual pop-up D5C = D5 in cap
Visual with Thermal Lockout	D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout D8C = D8 in cap
Electrical	MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
Electrical with Thermal Lockout	MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T
Electrical Visual	MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout	MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT



# Single Pass Filter Kit

# 2K9/3K9



## Features and Benefits

- Two or three patented-pending K9 filters supplied in series as a single filter assembly providing in-line single pass particulate and water filtration
- Meets HF4 automotive standard
- 900 psi rating covers almost all transfer line pressure specs including air driven transfer systems
- Top loading for easy access for element change out
- Allows consolidation of inventoried elements by using K-size elements
- Can be fitted with test points for oil sampling

100 gpm  
**380 L/min**  
 900 psi  
**60 bar**

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

K9

**2K9**

**3K9**

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

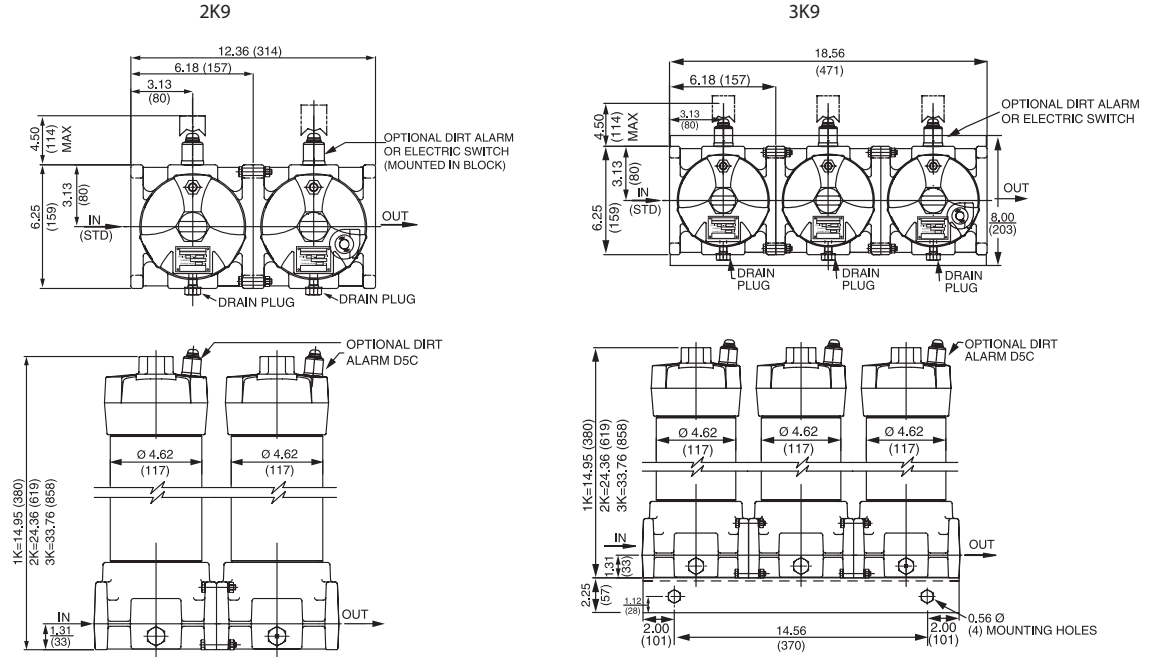
Model No. of filters in photograph are 3K9127EDBBP20P20UUD5C and Custom 2K9.

Flow Rating:	Up to 100 gpm (380 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	900 psi (60 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	3200 psi (220 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	750 psi (52 bar) per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 40 psi (2.8 bar) each filter housing
Porting Base & Cap:	Cast Aluminum
Element Case:	Steel
Element Change Clearance:	8.50" (215 mm) for 1K; 17.5" (445 mm) for KK; 26.5" (673 mm) for 27K

## Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All Z-Media <sup>®</sup> and ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media <sup>®</sup> and ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> , 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and 3 and 10 μ E media (cellulose) with H (EPR) seal designation
Skydrol <sup>®</sup>	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media <sup>®</sup> (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals and stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior), 3, 5 and 10 μ ASP <sup>®</sup> Media (synthetic)

## Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in ( ).

Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.

For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

## Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$
KZ1/KKZ1/27KZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
KZ3/KKZ3/27KZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
KZ5/KKZ5/27KZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
KZ10/KKZ10/27KZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
KZ25/KKZ25/27KZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
KZW1	N/A	N/A	N/A	<4.0	<4.0
KZW3/KKZW3	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.0	4.8
KZW5/KKZW5	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.1	6.4
KZW10/KKZW10	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.9	8.6
KZW25/KKZW25	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.4	18.5

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
KZ1	112	KKZ1	224	27KZ1	336	KZW1	61		
KZ3	115	KKZ3/	230	27KZ3	345	KZW3	64	KKZW3	128
KZ5	119	KKZ5	238	27KZ5	357	KZW5	63	KKZW5	126
KZ10	108	KKZ10	216	27KZ10	324	KZW10	57	KKZW10	114
KZ25	93	KKZ25	186	27KZ25	279	KZW25	79	KKZW25	158

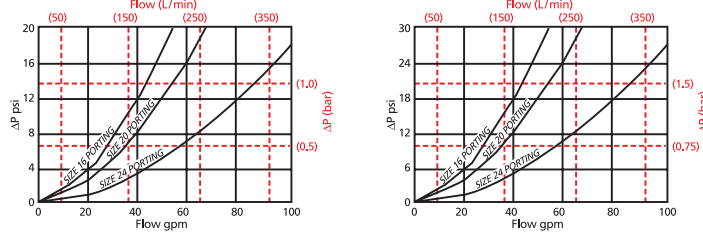
Element Collapse Rating: 150 psid (10 bar) for standard elements

Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions: K: 3.9" (99 mm) O.D. x 9.0" (230 mm) long  
 KK: 3.9" (99 mm) O.D. x 18.0" (460 mm) long  
 27K: 3.9" (99 mm) O.D. x 27.0" (690 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

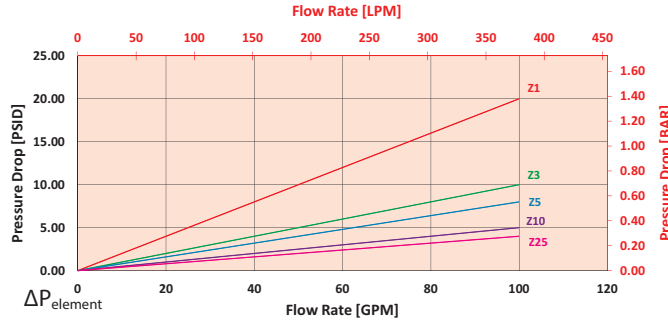
2K9/3K9  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

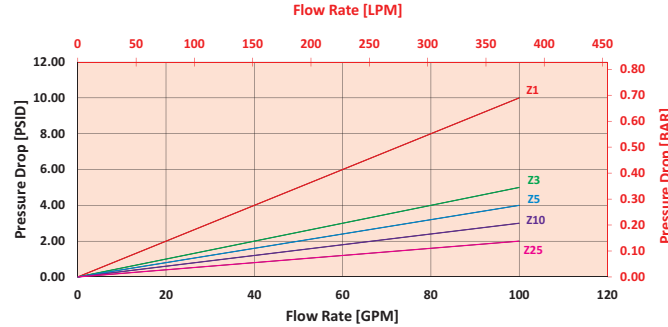
KZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



2KZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 50 gpm (189.5 L/min) for 2K9109DBBP16P16D5 using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 50 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 16 psi (1.1 bar) on the graph for the 2K9 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 50 gpm for the first element. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 2 psi (.14 bar) according to the graph for the KZ10 element.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}^2$  at 50 gpm for the first element. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 5 psi (.34 bar) according to the graph for the KZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential,  $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$ . The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 16 \text{ psi [1.1 bar]} \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}^1} = 2 \text{ psi [.14 bar]} \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}^2} = 5 \text{ psi [.34 bar]}$$

$$V_f = 160 \text{ SUS (34 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = 1.1$$

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 16 \text{ psi} + (2 \text{ psi} * 1.1) + (5 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 23.7 \text{ psi}$$

OR

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 1.1 \text{ bar} + (.14 \text{ bar} * 1.1) + (.34 * 1.1) = 1.6 \text{ bar}$$

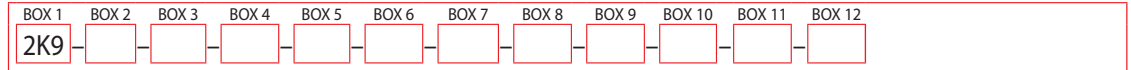
**Pressure Drop Information**  
Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

Note:  
If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$  Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

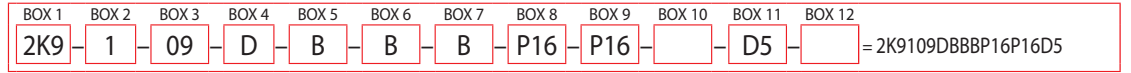
Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
K3	0.25	2K3/ KK3	0.12	3KZ1/ 27KZ1	0.05
K10	0.09	2K10/ KK10	0.05	3KZ3/ 27KZ3	0.03
K25	0.02	2K25/ KK25	0.01	3KZ5/ 27KZ5	0.02
KAS3	0.10	2KAS3/ KKAS3	0.05	3KZ10/ 27KZ10	0.02
KAS5	0.08	2KAS5/ KKAS5	0.04	3KZ25/ 27KZ25	0.01
KAS10	0.05	2KAS10/ KKAS10	0.03	3K3	0.08
KZX10	0.22	2KZX10/ KKZX10	0.11	3K10	0.03
KZW1	0.43	2KZW1	-	3K25	0.01
KZW3	0.32	2KZW3/ KKZW3	0.16	3KAS3/ 27KAS3	0.03
KZW5	0.28	2KZW5/ KKZW5	0.14	3KAS5/ 27KAS5	0.02
KZW10	0.23	2KZW10/ KKZW10	0.12	3KAS10/ 27KAS10	0.02
KZW25	0.14	2KZW25/ KKZW25	0.07	3KZX10/ 27KZX10	0.07

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder 2K9:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



Filter	Number of Elements	Length of Elements	First Housing Element Micron Rating	Second Housing Element Micron Rating	Third Housing
2K9	1	09 = K-Size Element	A = 1 μ Z-Media*	A = 1 μ Z-Media*	A = 1 μ Z-Media*
	2	18 = KK Size Element	B = 3 μ Z-Media*	B = 3 μ Z-Media*	B = 3 μ Z-Media*
3K9	3	27 = 27K Size Element	C = 5 μ Z-Media*	C = 5 μ Z-Media*	C = 5 μ Z-Media*
			D = 10 μ Z-Media*	D = 10 μ Z-Media*	D = 10 μ Z-Media*
			E = 25 μ Z-Media*	E = 25 μ Z-Media*	E = 25 μ Z-Media*
			F = W Water Removal	F = W Water Removal	F = W media (water removal)
			G = 1 μ ZW-media	G = 1 μ ZW-media	G = 1 μ ZW-media
			H = 3 μ ZW-media	H = 3 μ ZW-media	H = 3 μ ZW-media
			J = 5 μ ZW-media	J = 5 μ ZW-media	J = 5 μ ZW-media
			K = 10 μ ZW-media	K = 10 μ ZW-media	K = 10 μ ZW-media
			L = 25 μ ZW-media	L = 25 μ ZW-media	L = 25 μ ZW-media
			M = 3 μ AS-media	M = 3 μ AS-media	M = 3 μ AS-media
			N = 5 μ AS-media	N = 5 μ AS-media	N = 5 μ AS-media
			O = 10 μ AS-media	O = 10 μ AS-media	O = 10 μ AS-media

BOX 7	BOX 8	BOX 9	BOX 10
<b>Seal Material</b>	<b>"In" Porting</b>	<b>"Out" Porting</b>	<b>Bypass</b>
B = Buna N V = Viton* H = EPR H.5 = Skydrol® Compatible	P16 = 1" NPTF P20 = 1 1/4" NPTF P24 = 1 1/2" NPTF  B16 = ISO 228 G-1" B20 = ISO 228 G-1 1/4" B24 = ISO 228 G-1 1/2"  F16 = 1" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F20 = 1 1/4" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F24 = 1 1/2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61  S16 = SAE-16 S20 = SAE-20 S24 = SAE-24	P16 = 1" NPTF P20 = 1 1/4" NPTF P24 = 1 1/2" NPTF  B16 = ISO 228 G-1" B20 = ISO 228 G-1 1/4" B24 = ISO 228 G-1 1/2"  F16 = 1" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F20 = 1 1/4" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F24 = 1 1/2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61  S16 = SAE-16 S20 = SAE-20 S24 = SAE-24	Omit=40 PSI Bypass 30=30 psi bypass 50=50 psi bypass

BOX 11		BOX 12
<b>Dirt Alarm® Options</b>		<b>Test Points</b>
Omit = None		Omit = None
Visual	D5 = Visual pop-up D5C = D5 in cap	U = Test point in cap (upstream)
Visual with Thermal Lockout	D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout D8C = D8 in cap	UU = Test points in block (upstream and downstream)
Electrical	M55 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector	
Electrical with Thermal Lockout	MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T	
Electrical Visual	MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)	
Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout	MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT	

#### NOTES:

Box 2. Double and triple stacking of K-size elements can be replaced by KK and 27K elements, respectively. Number of elements must equal 1 when using KK or 27K elements. ZW media not available in 27K length.

Box 4 & 5. Replacement element part numbers are identical to K9 replacement parts. Please reference page 184.

Box 6. For options H, V, and H.5, all aluminum parts are anodized. H.5 seal designation includes the following: EPR seals, stainless steel wire mesh on elements, and light oil coating on housing exterior. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers. Skydrol® is a registered trademark of Solutia Inc.

Box 12. Option UU not available in combination with indicator in block.



Model No. of filter in photograph is QF539QZ10P32.

### Features and Benefits

- Element changeout from the top minimizes oil spillage
- Available with optional core assembly to accommodate coreless elements
- Offered with standard Q, QPML deep-pleated and QCLQF coreless elements in 16" and 39" lengths with standard Viton® seals
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, and flange porting
- Optional inlet and outlet test points
- WQF5 model for water service also available
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- The QCLCF, coreless elements, are not interchangeable with the Q & QPML elements and vice versa

300 gpm  
1135 L/min  
 500 psi  
 35 bar

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

**QF5**

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

Flow Rating:	Up to 300 gpm (1135 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	500 psi (35 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	2500 psi (172 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	Contact Factory
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 30 psi (2.1 bar) Full Flow: 55 psi (3.8 bar)
Porting Base:	Cast Aluminum
Element Case:	Steel
Cap:	Ductile Iron
Weight of QF516:	85 lbs. (39 kg)
Weight of QF539:	120 lbs. (55 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	16Q 12.0" (205 mm) 39Q 33.8" (859 mm)

### Filter Housing Specifications

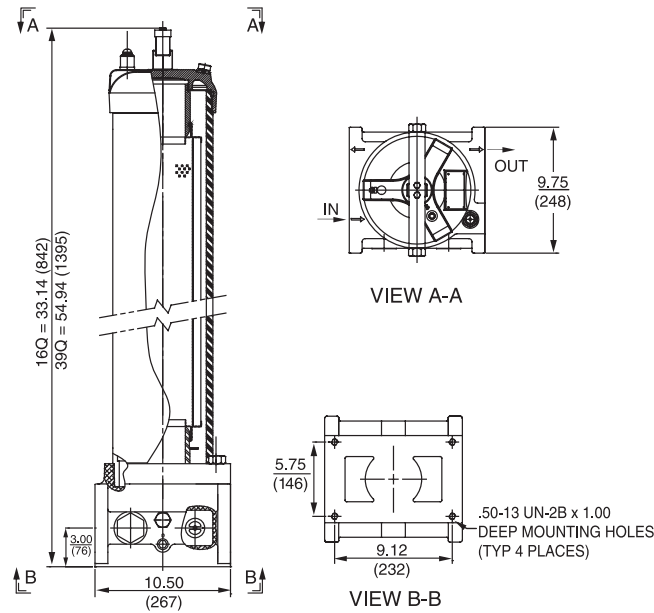
QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and 10 µ ASP® media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and all ASP® Media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and all ASP® media (synthetic)
Skydrol®	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals and stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior) and all ASP® media (synthetic)

### Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in ( ).  
 Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.  
 For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171		
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$	
16Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
39Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	
16Q	Z1	276	CLQFZ1	307	PMLZ1	307
	Z3	283	CLQFZ3	315	PMLZ3	315
	Z5	351	CLQFZ5	364	PMLZ5	364
	Z10	280	CLQFZ10	306	PMLZ10	330
	Z25	254	CLQFZ25	278	PMLZ25	299
39Q	Z1	974	CLQFZ1	1259	PMLZ1	1485
	Z3	1001	CLQFZ3	1293	PMLZ3	1525
	Z5	954	CLQFZ5	1302	PMLZ5	1235
	Z10	940	CLQFZ10	1214	PMLZ10	1432
	Z25	853	CLQFZ25	1102	PMLZ25	1299

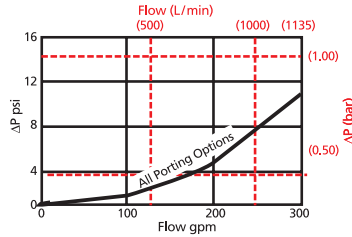
Element Collapse Rating: Q and QPML: 150 psid (10 bar), QCLQF: 100 psid (7 bar)

Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions: 16Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.85" (430 mm) long  
 16QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 18.21" (463 mm) long  
 16QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.00" (405 mm) long  
 39QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 40.01" (1016 mm) long  
 39QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 37.80" (960 mm) long

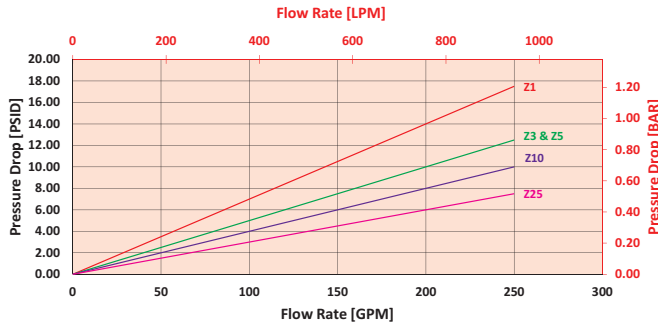
$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

QF5  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:

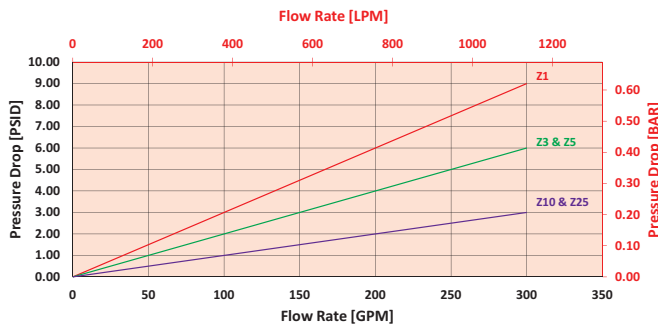


$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

16QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



39QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 100 gpm (379 L/min) for QF539QZ3P32UDPG using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 100 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 2 psi (.14 bar) on the graph for the QF5 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 100 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 1 psi (.07 bar) according to the graph for the 39QZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential, ( $\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f$ ). The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 2 \text{ psi } [.14 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 1 \text{ psi } [.07 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 160 \text{ SUS } (34 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = 1.1$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 2 \text{ psi} + (1 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 3.1 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .14 \text{ bar} + (.07 \text{ bar} * 1.1) = .22 \text{ bar}$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

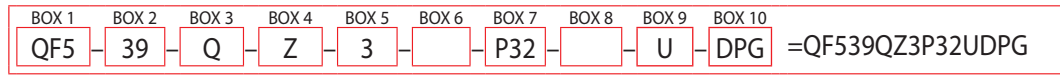
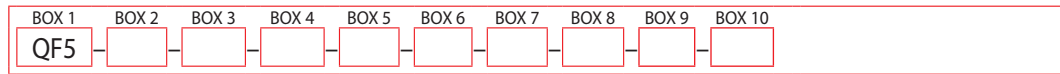
**Note:**

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
16QAS3V	0.04	16QPMLZ1	0.08	39QZ1	0.03
16QAS5V	0.04	16QPMLZ3	0.05	39QZ3	0.01
16QAS10V	0.03	16QPMLZ5	0.05	39QZ5	0.01
16QPML-AS3V	0.05	16QPMLZ10	0.04	39QZ10	0.01
16QPML-AS5V	0.05	16QPMLZ25	0.02	39QZ25	0.01
16QPML-AS10V	0.04	39QAS3V	0.01	39QPMLZ1	0.03
16QZ1	0.09	39QAS5V	0.01	39QPMLZ3	0.02
16QZ3	0.04	39QAS10V	0.01	39QPMLZ5	0.02
16QZ5	0.04	39QPMLAS-3V	0.02	39QPMLZ10	0.01
16QZ10	0.03	39QPMLAS-5V	0.02	39QPMLZ25	0.01
16QZ25	0.01	39QPMLAS-10V	0.01		

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder QF5:



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8	BOX 9	BOX 10
Filter Series	Element Length (in)	Element Style	Media Type			Micron Rating			
QF5	16	Q	Z = Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)			1 = 1 µ Z-Media®			
WQF5 (Water)	39	QCLQF	AS = Anti-Stat Pleat media (synthetic)			3 = 3 µ AS and Z-Media®			
		QPML	W = W Media (water removal)			5 = 5 µ AS and Z-Media®			
			Water System Element Options			10 = 10 µ AS and Z-Media®			
			QM25 = Q size 25 µ M media (resuable metal)			25 = 25 µ Z-Media®			
			QM60 = Q size 60 µ M media (resuable metal)						
			QM150 = Q size 150 µ M media (resuable metal)						
			(Omit box 3 and 5 if water system element is used)						

BOX 6

Housing Seal Material
Omit = Buna N
H = EPR
V = Viton®

BOX 7

Porting	
P32 = 2"NPTF	F32 = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61
P40 = 2½"NPTF	F40 = 2½"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61
P48 = 3"NPTF	F48 = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61
S32 = SAE-32	F48 = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61

BOX 10

Dirt Alarm® Options	
None	Omit = None
Visual	DPG = Standard differential pressure gauge
	D5 = Visual pop-up
	D5C = D5 in cap D5R = D5 mounted opposite standard location
Visual with Thermal Lockout	D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout
	D8C = D8 in cap
	D8R = D8 mounted opposite standard location
Electrical	MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable
	MS5LC = Low current MS5
	MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only)
	MS10LC = Low current MS10
	MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire
	MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only)
	MS12LC = Low current MS12
	MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector
	MS16LC = Low current MS16
	MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
Electrical with Thermal Lockout	MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
	MS5LCT = Low current MS5T
	MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
	MS10LCT = Low current MS10T
	MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
	MS12LCT = Low current MS12T
	MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout
MS16LCT = Low current MS16T	
Electrical Visual	MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light
	MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout	MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout
	MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT
	MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout
	MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

BOX 8

Bypass Setting
Omit = 30 psi cracking
50 = 50 psi cracking
X = Blocked bypass

BOX 9

Test Points
Omit = None
U = Test point in cap (upstream)
UU = Test points in block (upstream and downstream)

NOTES:

- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, 4 and 5 plus the letter V. Example: 39QZ10V
- Box 3. QCLQF are CoreCentric® coreless elements – housing includes rigid metal core. QPML are deep-pleated elements with more media and higher dirt holding capacity.
- Box 4. For option W, Box 3 must equal Q.
- Box 6. All elements for this filter are supplied with Viton® seals. Seal designation in Box 6 applies to housing only. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.
- Box 8. When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.



# Cold Start Protection Inside-Out Flow Filter

**QF5i**



## Features and Benefits (QF5i)

- Magnetic filtration protection while filter is in cold start bypass
- Coreless QCL element with inside-out flow for eco-friendly easy disposal
- Efficient means to remove both ferromagnetic and non-ferromagnetic parts from the fluid
- Designed for inside-out flow
- Element changeout from the top minimizes oil spillage
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, and flange porting
- Optional inlet and outlet test points
- Various Dirt Alarm® options

120 gpm  
454 L/min  
 500 psi  
 35 bar

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

**QF5i**

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

SSQLF15

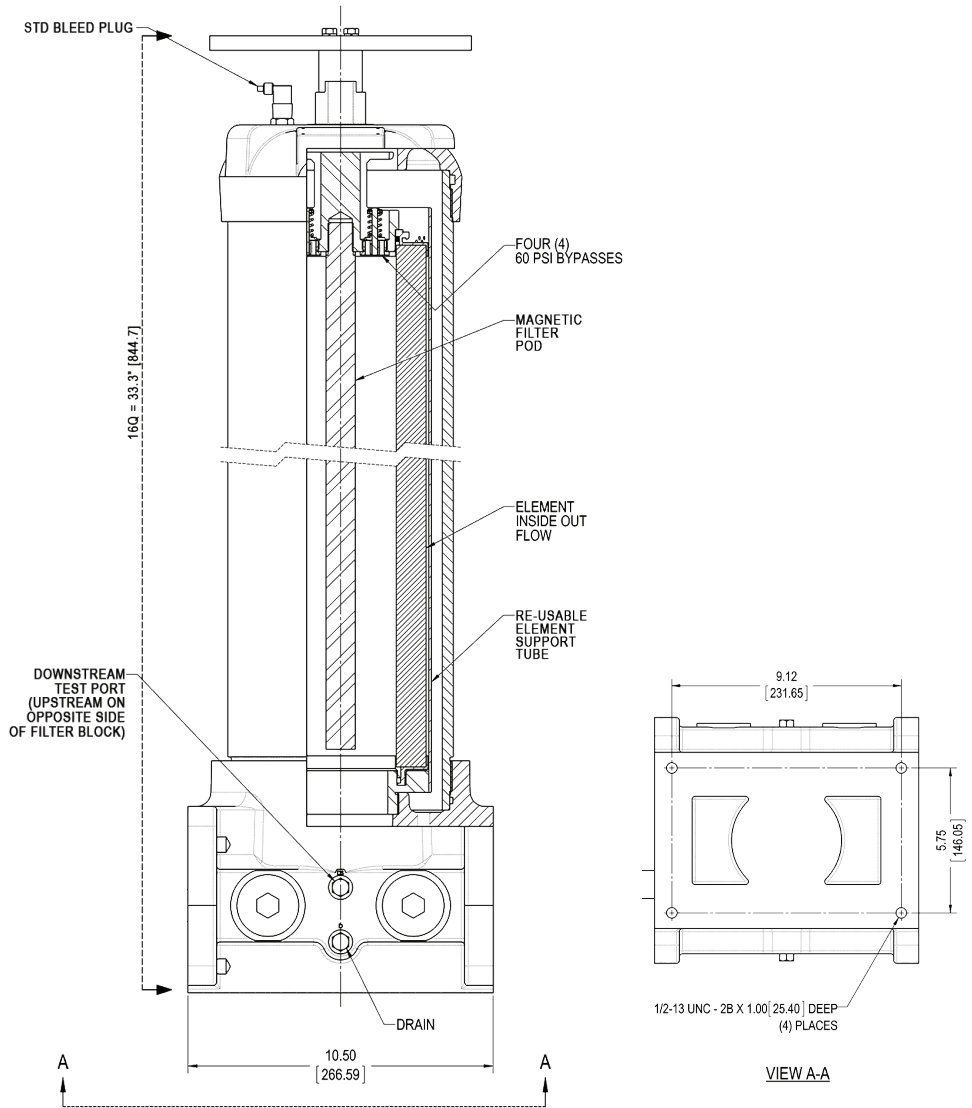
Model No. of filter in photograph is QF5i16QCLIZ10F3260M.

Flow Rating:	Up to 120 gpm (454 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	500 psi (35 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	2500 psi (172 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	Contact Factory
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 60 psi (4.1 bar) Full Flow: 95 psi (6.6 bar)
Porting Base:	Cast Aluminum
Element Case:	Steel
Cap:	Ductile Iron
Weight of QF5i16:	85 lbs. (39 kg)
Weight of QF5i39:	120 lbs. (55 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	16QCLI 16.0" (407 mm)

## Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media® and 10 μ ASP® media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media® and all ASP® Media (synthetic)

## Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in ( ).

### Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

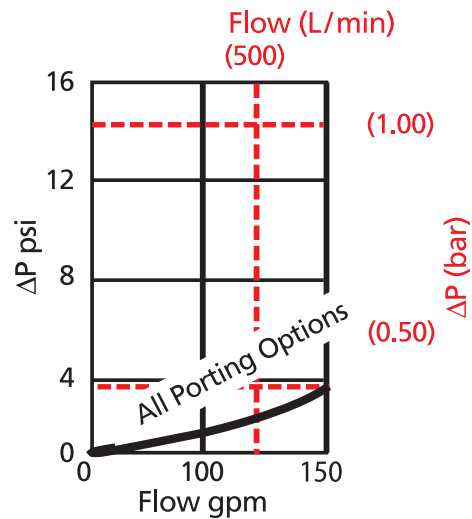
Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171		Dirt Holding Capacity		
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$	Element	DHC (gm)	
16Q	CLIZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2	CLIZ1	307
	CLIZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8	CLIZ3	315
	CLIZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3	CLIZ5	364
	CLIZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0	CLIZ10	306
	CLIZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0	CLIZ25	278

Flow Direction: Inside-Out

Element Nominal Dimensions: 16QCLI: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 17.81" (452 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

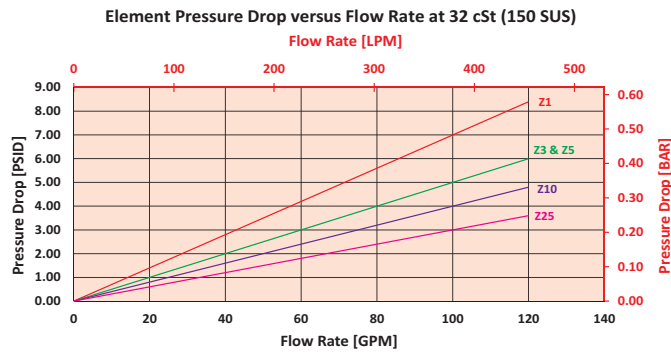
QF5i  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



Pressure Drop Information  
Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

16QCLIZ



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

Exercise:

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 120 gpm (455 L/min) for QF5i16QCLIZ3P32 using 200 SUS (44 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 120 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 3 psi (.21 bar) on the graph for the QF5i housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 120 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 6 psi (.415 bar) according to the graph for the 16QCLIZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 200 SUS (44 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential, ( $\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f$ ). The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

Solution:

$$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 3 \text{ psi } [.21 \text{ bar}] \quad | \quad \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 6 \text{ psi } [.415 \text{ bar}]$$

$$V_f = 200 \text{ SUS } (42.4 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = 1.333$$

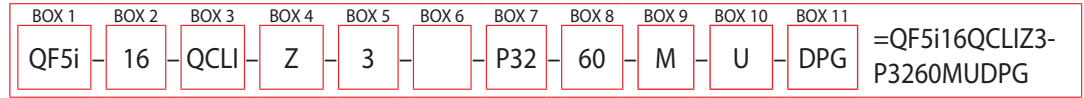
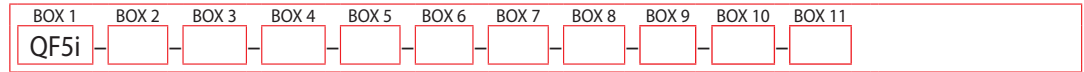
$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 3 \text{ psi} + (6 \text{ psi} * 1.333) = 11 \text{ psi}$$

OR

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .21 \text{ bar} + (.415 \text{ bar} * 1.333) = .76 \text{ bar}$$

## Filter Model Number Selection

How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder QF5i:



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Style</b>	<b>Media Type</b>	<b>Micron Rating</b>
QF5i	16	QCLI	Z = Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)	1 = 1 µm Z-Media® 3 = 3 µm Z-Media® 5 = 5 µm Z-Media® 10 = 10 µm Z-Media® 25 = 25 µm Z-Media®

BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8	BOX 9
<b>Housing Seal Material</b>	<b>Porting</b>	<b>Bypass Setting</b>	<b>Magnet</b>
Omit = Buna N V = Viton®	P32 = 2"NPTF    F32 = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61  P40 = 2½"NPTF    F40 = 2½"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61  P48 = 3"NPTF  S32 = SAE-32    F48 = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61	60 = 60 psi cracking	Omit = No Magnet M = Magnetic Filter Rod

BOX 10	BOX 11
<b>Test Points</b>	<b>Dirt Alarm® Options</b>
Omit = No Test point	Omit = None
U = Test point in cap (upstream)	Visual    DPG = Standard differential pressure gauge D5 = Visual pop-up
UU = Test points in block (upstream and downstream)	Visual with Thermal Lockout    D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout
	Electrical MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
	Electrical with Thermal Lockout MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T
	Electrical Visual    MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
	Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout    MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

**NOTES:**

- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, 4 and 5 plus the letter V. Example: 16QCLIZ10V
- Box 6. All elements for this filter are supplied with Viton® seals. Seal designation in Box 6 applies to housing only. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.



### Features and Benefits

- Two or three QF5 filters supplied in series as a single filter assembly providing in-line single pass particulate and water filtration
- Element changeout from the top minimizes oil spillage
- Available with optional core assembly to accommodate coreless elements
- Offered with standard Q, QPML deep-plated and QCLQF coreless elements in 16" and 39" lengths with standard Viton® seals
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, and flange porting
- Inlet and outlet test points
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- The QCLCF, coreless elements, are not interchangeable with the Q & QPML elements and vice versa

300 gpm  
1135 L/min  
 500 psi  
 35 bar

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

**2QF5/3QF5**

Model No. of filter in photograph is 2QF539QEDBP40P40 and 3QF539QEDBP40P40

Flow Rating:	Up to 300 gpm (1135 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	500 psi (35 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	2500 psi (172 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	Contact Factory
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 30 psi (2.1 bar) Full Flow: 55 psi (3.8 bar)
Porting Base:	Cast Aluminum
Element Case:	Steel
Cap:	Ductile Iron
Element Change Clearance:	33.8" (859 mm)

### Filter Housing Specifications

QFD5

QF15

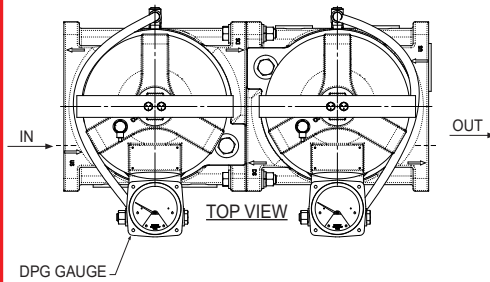
QLF15

SSQLF15

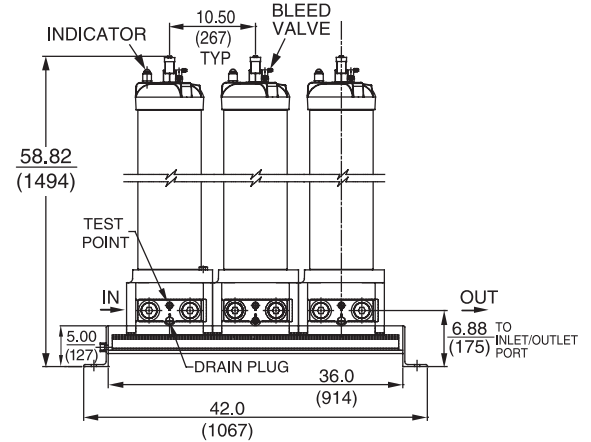
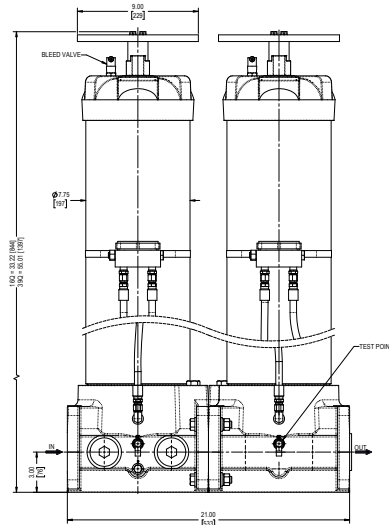
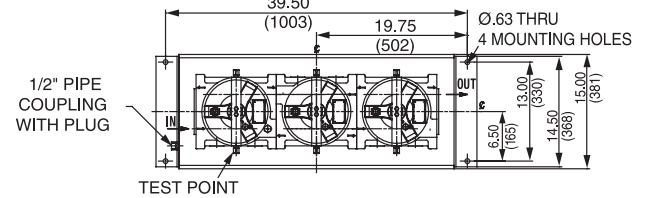
Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and 10 µ ASP® media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and all ASP® Media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and all ASP® media (synthetic)
Skydrol®	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals and stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior) and all ASP® media (synthetic)

### Fluid Compatibility

2QF5



3QF5



Metric dimensions in ( ).  
 Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.  
 For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

## Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$
39Q Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

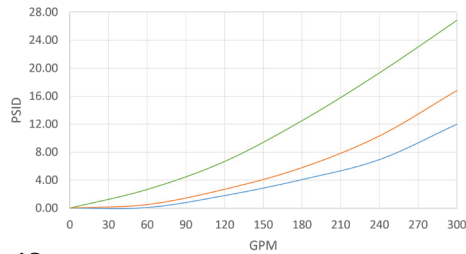
Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
39Q Z1	974	CLQFZ1	1259	PMLZ1	1485
Z3	1001	CLQFZ3	1293	PMLZ3	1525
Z5	954	CLQFZ5	1302	PMLZ5	1235
Z10	940	CLQFZ10	1214	PMLZ10	1432
Z25	853	CLQFZ25	1102	PMLZ25	1299

Element Collapse Rating: Q and QPML: 150 psid (10 bar), QCLQF: 100 psid (7 bar)

Flow Direction: Outside In

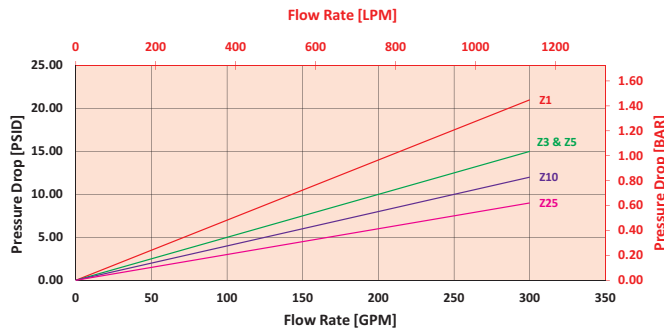
Element Nominal Dimensions: 39Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 38.70" (985 mm) long  
 39QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 40.01" (1016 mm) long  
 39QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 37.80" (960 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$   
2QF5/3QF5  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:  
Housing Pressure Drop

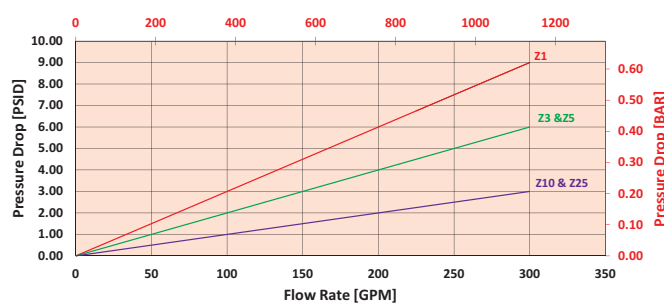


For each individual housing pressure, place the singular QF5 housing pressure curve indicated here

$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$   
16QCLQF  
Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



39QCLQF  
Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

### Exercise:

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 100 gpm (379 L/min) for 3QF539QEDBVP32P3250DPG using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 100 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 5.5 psi (.39 bar) on the graph for the 3QF5 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 100 gpm for the first element. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 1 psi (.07 bar) according to the graph for the 39QZ25 element.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}^2$  at 100 gpm for the first element. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}^2$  is 1 psi (.07 bar) according to the graph for the 39QZ10 element.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}^3$  at 100 gpm for the first element. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}^3$  is 1 psi (.07 bar) according to the graph for the 39QZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential, ( $\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f$ ). The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

### Solution:

$$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 5.5 \text{ psi [.39 bar]} \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}}^1 = 1 \text{ psi [.07 bar]} \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}}^2 = 1 \text{ psi [.07 bar]} \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}}^3 = 1 \text{ psi [.07 bar]}$$

$$V_f = 160 \text{ SUS (34 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = 1.1$$

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 5.5 \text{ psi} + (1 \text{ psi} * 1.1) + (1 \text{ psi} * 1.1) + (1 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 8.8 \text{ psi}$$

OR

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .39 \text{ bar} + (.07 \text{ bar} * 1.1) + (.07 * 1.1) + (.07 * 1.1) = .62 \text{ bar}$$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

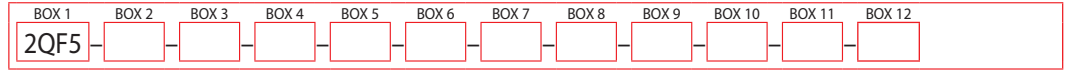
### Note:

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

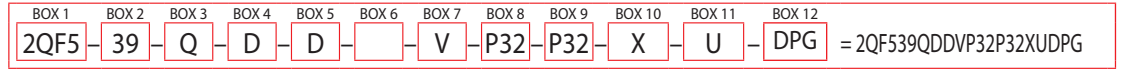
Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
16QAS3V	0.04	16QPMLZ1	0.08	39QZ1	0.03
16QAS5V	0.04	16QPMLZ3	0.05	39QZ3	0.01
16QAS10V	0.03	16QPMLZ5	0.05	39QZ5	0.01
16QPML-AS3V	0.05	16QPMLZ10	0.04	39QZ10	0.01
16QPML-ASSV	0.05	16QPMLZ25	0.02	39QZ25	0.01
16QPML-AS10V	0.04	39QAS3V	0.01	39QPMLZ1	0.03
16QZ1	0.09	39QAS5V	0.01	39QPMLZ3	0.02
16QZ3	0.04	39QAS10V	0.01	39QPMLZ5	0.02
16QZ5	0.04	39QPMLAS-3V	0.02	39QPMLZ10	0.01
16QZ10	0.03	39QPMLAS-5V	0.02	39QPMLZ25	0.01
16QZ25	0.01	39QPMLAS-10V	0.01		

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder 2QF5:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Style</b>	<b>1st Housing Element Media</b>	<b>2nd Housing Element Media (2QF5 &amp; 3QF5)</b>	<b>3rd Housing Element Media (3QF5 only)</b>
2QF5	16	Q	A = Z1 B = Z3 C = Z5 D = Z10 E = Z25 F = W G = AS3 H = AS5 J = AS10	A = Z1 B = Z3 C = Z5 D = Z10 E = Z25 F = W G = AS3 H = AS5 J = AS10	A = Z1 B = Z3 C = Z5 D = Z10 E = Z25 F = W G = AS3 H = AS5 J = AS10
3QF5	39	QCLQF QPML			

BOX 7
<b>Housing Seal Material</b>
Omit = Buna N H = EPR V = Viton®

BOX 8
<b>"IN" Porting</b>
P32 = 2"NPTF P40 = 2½"NPTF P48 = 3"NPTF S32 = SAE-32 F32 = 2"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40 = 2½"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48 = 3"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61

BOX 9
<b>"OUT" Porting</b>
P32 = 2"NPTF P40 = 2½"NPTF P48 = 3"NPTF S32 = SAE-32 F32 = 2"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40 = 2½"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48 = 3"SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61

BOX 10
<b>Bypass Setting</b>
Omit = 30 psi cracking 50 = 50 psi cracking X = Blocked bypass

BOX 11
<b>Test Points</b>
Omit = None U = Test point in cap (upstream)

BOX 12			
Dirt Alarm® Options			
None	Omit = None		
Visual	DPG = Standard differential pressure gauge D5 = Visual pop-up D5C = D5 in cap D5R = D5 mounted opposite standard location		
	Visual with Thermal Lockout D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout D8C = D8 in cap D8R = D8 mounted opposite standard location		
	Electrical	MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector	
Electrical with Thermal Lockout		MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T	
		Electrical Visual	MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
			Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout

#### NOTES:

- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, and 4, plus the letter V.  
Example: 39QZ10V
- Box 3. QCLQF are CoreCentric® coreless elements – housing includes rigid metal core. QPML are deep-pleated elements with more media and higher dirt holding capacity.
- Box 4. For option F, Box 3 must equal Q.
- Box 7. All elements for this filter are supplied with Viton® seals. Seal designation in Box 5 applies to housing only. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.
- Box 10. When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.





### Features and Benefits

- Duplex filter design
- Approved for API 5L use
- Element changeout from the top minimizes oil spillage
- Available with optional core assembly to accommodate coreless elements
- Offered with standard Q, QPML deep-pleated and QCLQF coreless elements in 16" and 39" lengths with Viton® seals as the standard
- Offered in 2" and 3" SAE J518 4-bolt flange Code 61 and ANSI 300# flange porting
- Integral inlet and outlet test points are standard on all models
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- Also available in 4, 6 or 8 housing modular designs (contact factory)
- The QCLCF, coreless elements, are not interchangeable with the Q & QPML elements and vice versa

**350 gpm**  
**1325 L/min**  
**500 psi**  
**35 bar**

Model No. of filter in photograph is QFD516QZ10F48DPG.

Flow Rating:	Up to 175 gpm (675 L/min) for 2"; 350 gpm (1325 L/min) for 3" for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	500 psi (35 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	Contact Factory
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	Contact Factory
Temp. Range:	-15°F to 200°F (-26°C to 93°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 30 psi (2.1 bar) Full Flow: 33 psi (2.3 bar) for 2"; 38 psi (2.6 bar) for 3"
Porting Base & Cap:	Ductile Iron
Element Case & Transfer Valve:	Steel
Weight of QFD5-16Q:	410.0 lbs. (186.0 kg) for 2"; 455.0 (206.0 kg) for 3"
Weight of QFD5-39Q:	562.0 lbs. (255.0 kg) for 2"; 607.0 (275.0 kg) for 3"
Element Change Clearance:	16Q 12.00" (305 mm) 39Q 33.80" (859 mm)

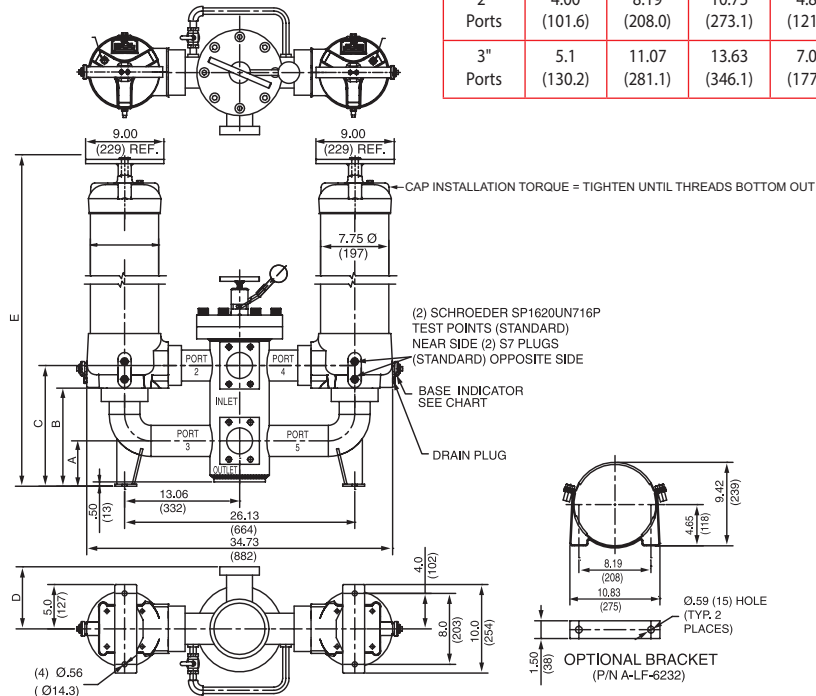
### Filter Housing Specifications

QFD5  
 QF15  
 QLF15  
 SSQLF15

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose), Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and 10 µ ASP® media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and all ASP® media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and all ASP® media (synthetic)

### Fluid Compatibility

PORT SIZE	DIM A	DIM B	DIM C	DIM D	DIM E	
					16Q	39Q
2" Ports	4.00 (101.6)	8.19 (208.0)	10.75 (273.1)	4.80 (121.9)	36.50 (927)	58.31 (1481)
3" Ports	5.1 (130.2)	11.07 (281.1)	13.63 (346.1)	7.00 (177.8)	39.38 (1000)	61.19 (1559)



Metric dimensions in ( ).

## Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171		
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$	
16Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
39Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	
16Q	Z1	276	CLQFZ1	307	PMLZ1	307
	Z3	283	CLQFZ3	315	PMLZ3	315
	Z5	351	CLQFZ5	364	PMLZ5	364
	Z10	280	CLQFZ10	306	PMLZ10	330
	Z25	254	CLQFZ25	278	PMLZ25	299
39Q	Z1	974	CLQFZ1	1259	PMLZ1	1485
	Z3	1001	CLQFZ3	1293	PMLZ3	1525
	Z5	954	CLQFZ5	1302	PMLZ5	1235
	Z10	940	CLQFZ10	1214	PMLZ10	1432
	Z25	853	CLQFZ25	1102	PMLZ25	1299

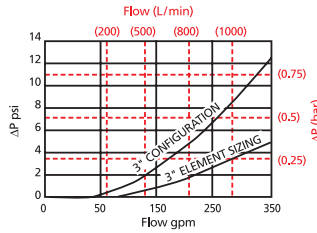
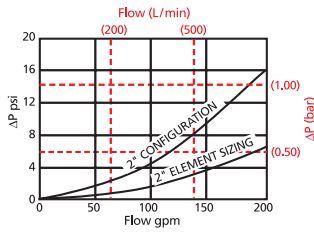
Element Collapse Rating: Q and QPML: 150 psid (10 bar), QCLQF: 100 psid (7 bar)

Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions: 39Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 38.70" (985 mm) long  
 39QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 40.01" (1016 mm) long  
 39QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 37.80" (960 mm) long

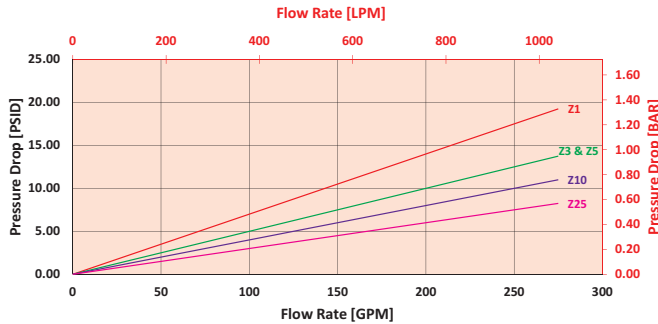
$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

QFD5  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:

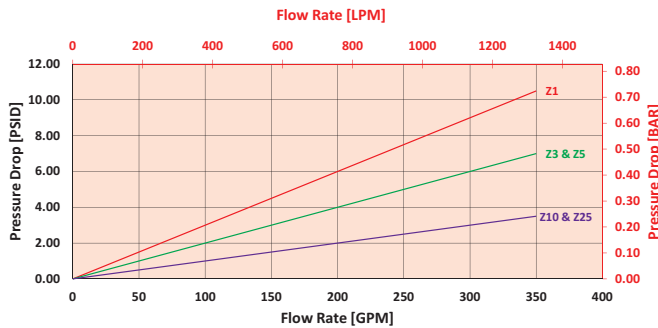


$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

16QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



39QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 200 gpm (758 L/min) for QFD516QZ3F48D5C using 100 SUS (21.3 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 5 psi (.34 bar) on the graph for the QFD5 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 7 psi (.48 bar) according to the graph for the 16QCZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 100 SUS (21.3 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential, ( $\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f$ ). The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 5 \text{ psi } [.34 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 7 \text{ psi } [.48 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 100 \text{ SUS (21.3 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = .67$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 5 \text{ psi} + (7 \text{ psi} * .67) = 9.7 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .34 \text{ bar} + (.48 \text{ bar} * .67) = .66 \text{ bar}$

**Pressure Drop Information**  
Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

**Note:**

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
16QAS3V	0.04	16QPMLZ1	0.08	39QZ1	0.03
16QAS5V	0.04	16QPMLZ3	0.05	39QZ3	0.01
16QAS10V	0.03	16QPMLZ5	0.05	39QZ5	0.01
16QPML-AS3V	0.05	16QPMLZ10	0.04	39QZ10	0.01
16QPML-AS5V	0.05	16QPMLZ25	0.02	39QZ25	0.01
16QPML-AS10V	0.04	39QAS3V	0.01	39QPMLZ1	0.03
16QZ1	0.09	39QAS5V	0.01	39QPMLZ3	0.02
16QZ3	0.04	39QAS10V	0.01	39QPMLZ5	0.02
16QZ5	0.04	39QPMLAS-3V	0.02	39QPMLZ10	0.01
16QZ10	0.03	39QPMLAS-5V	0.02	39QPMLZ25	0.01
16QZ25	0.01	39QPMLAS-10V	0.01		

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder QF5:

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8	BOX 9	BOX 10
QFD5									

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8	BOX 9
QFD5	16	Q	Z	3		F48		D5C

=QFD516QZ3F48D5C

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5
Filter Series	Element Length (in)	Element Style	Media Type	Micron Rating
QFD5	16 39	Q QCLQF QPML	Z = Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) AS = Anti-Stat Pleat media (synthetic) W = W media (water removal)	1 = 1 µm Z-Media® 3 = 3 µm Z-Media® 5 = 5 µm Z-Media® 10 = 10 µm Z-Media® 25 = 25 µm Z-Media®

BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8
Housing Seal Material	Porting	Bypass Setting
Omit = Buna N V = Viton®	F32 = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F32M = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 FA32 = 2" ANSI 300# flange F48 = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48M = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 FA48 = 3" ANSI 300# flange	Omit = 30 psi cracking 50 = 50 psi cracking X = Blocked bypass

BOX 9	
Dirt Alarm® Options	
	Omit = None
Visual	DPG = Standard differential pressure gauge D5 = Visual pop-up D5C = D5 in cap
Visual with Thermal Lockout	D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout D8C = D8 in cap
Electrical	MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
Electrical with Thermal Lockout	MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T
Electrical Visual	MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout	MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

#### NOTES:

Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, 4 and 5 plus the letter V.  
Example: 39QZ10V

Box 3. QCLQF are CoreCentric® coreless elements – housing includes rigid metal core. QPML are deep-pleated elements with more media and higher dirt holding capacity.

Box 4. For option W, Box 3 must equal Q.

Box 6. All elements for this filter are supplied with Viton® seals. Seal designation in Box 6 applies to housing only. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Box 8. When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.



### Features and Benefits

- Also available in L-ported version
- Element changeout from the top minimizes oil spillage
- Available with optional core assembly to accommodate coreless elements
- Offered with standard Q, QPML deep-pleated and QCLQF coreless elements in 16" and 39" lengths with Viton® seals as the standard
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, and flange porting
- Integral inlet and outlet test points are standard on all models
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- The QCLCF, coreless elements, are not interchangeable with the Q & QPML elements and vice versa

450 gpm  
1700 L/min  
 1500 psi  
 100 bar

Model No. of filter in photograph is QF1516QZ10P24MS10AC.

Flow Rating:	Up to 450 gpm (1700 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	1500 psi (100 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	4900 psi (340 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	800 psi (55 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 30 psi (2.1 bar) Full Flow: 55 psi (3.8 bar)
Porting Base & Cap:	Ductile Iron
Element Case:	Steel
Weight of QF15-16Q:	139.0 lbs. (63.0 kg)
Weight of QF15-39Q:	198.0 lbs. (90.0 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	16Q 12.0" (305 mm) 39Q 33.8" (859 mm)

### Filter Housing Specifications

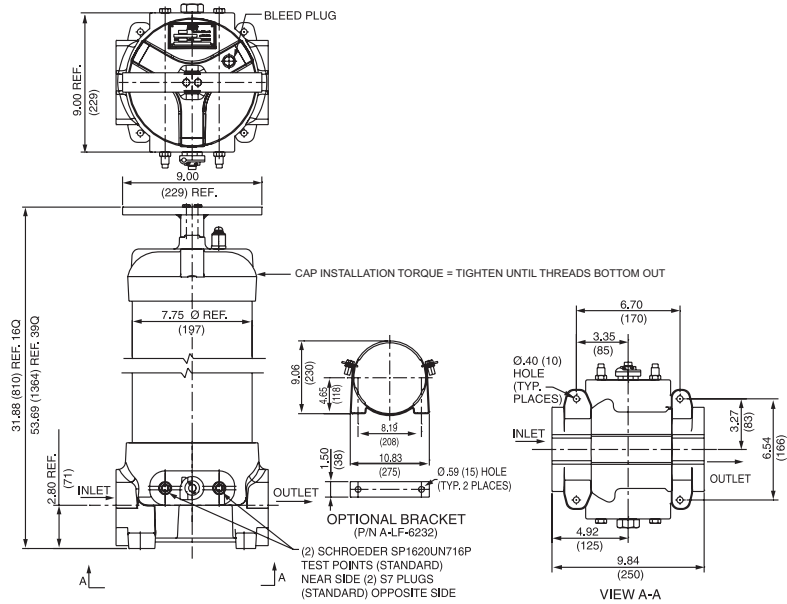
**QF15**

QLF15

SSQLF15

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose), Z-Media® and ASP® Media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and 10 µ ASP® media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and all ASP® media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and all ASP® media (synthetic)

### Fluid Compatibility



Metric dimensions in ( ).

Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171		
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$	
16Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
39Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	
16Q	Z1	276	CLQFZ1	307	PMLZ1	307
	Z3/AS3V	283	CLQFZ3	315	PMLZ3/PMLAS3V	315
	Z5/AS5V	351	CLQFZ5	364	PMLZ5/PMLAS5V	364
	Z10/AS10V	280	CLQFZ10	306	PMLZ10/PMLAS10V	330
	Z25	254	CLQFZ25	278	PMLZ25	299
39Q	Z1	974	CLQFZ1	1259	PMLZ1	1485
	Z3/AS3V	1001	CLQFZ3	1293	PMLZ3/PMLAS3V	1525
	Z5/AS5V	954	CLQFZ5	1302	PMLZ5/PMLAS5V	1235
	Z10/AS10V	940	CLQFZ10	1214	PMLZ10/PMLAS10V	1432
	Z25	853	CLQFZ25	1102	PMLZ25	1299

Element Collapse Rating: Q and QPML: 150 psid (10 bar), QCLQF: 100 psid (7 bar)

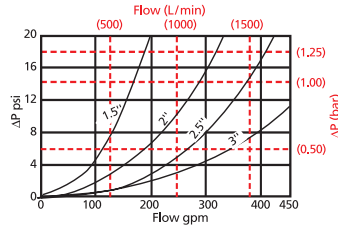
Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions:

- 16Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.85" (430 mm) long
- 16QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 18.21" (463 mm) long
- 16QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.00" (405 mm) long
- 39Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 38.70" (985 mm) long
- 39QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 40.01" (1016 mm) long
- 39QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 37.80" (960 mm) long

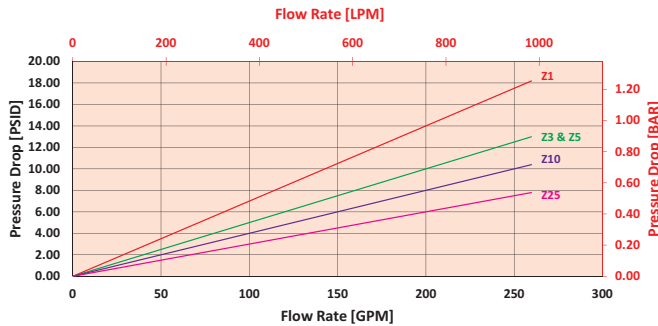
$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

QF15  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:

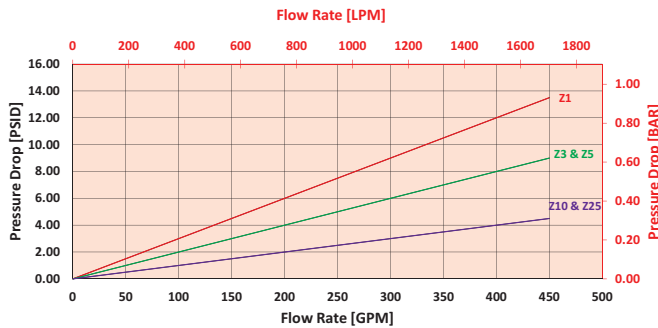


$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

16QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



39QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 200 gpm (758 L/min) for QF1516QZ3D5C using 100 SUS (21.3 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 2 psi (.14 bar) on the graph for the QF15 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 7 psi (.48 bar) according to the graph for the 16QZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 100 SUS (21.3 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential,  $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$ . The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 2 \text{ psi } [.14 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 7 \text{ psi } [.48 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 100 \text{ SUS (21.3 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = .67$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 2 \text{ psi} + (7 \text{ psi} * .67) = 6.7 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .14 \text{ bar} + (.48 \text{ bar} * .67) = .46 \text{ bar}$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

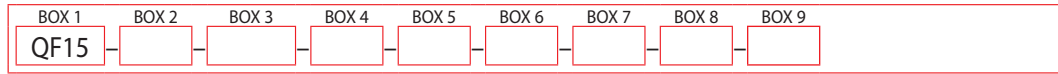
**Note:**

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

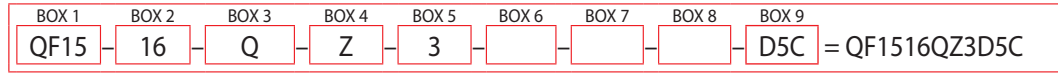
Ele.	ΔP	Ele.	ΔP	Ele.	ΔP
16QAS3V	0.04	16QPMLZ1	0.08	39QZ1	0.03
16QAS5V	0.04	16QPMLZ3	0.05	39QZ3	0.01
16QAS10V	0.03	16QPMLZ5	0.05	39QZ5	0.01
16QPML-AS3V	0.05	16QPMLZ10	0.04	39QZ10	0.01
16QPML-AS5V	0.05	16QPMLZ25	0.02	39QZ25	0.01
16QPML-AS10V	0.04	39QAS3V	0.01	39QPMLZ1	0.03
16QZ1	0.09	39QAS5V	0.01	39QPMLZ3	0.02
16QZ3	0.04	39QAS10V	0.01	39QPMLZ5	0.02
16QZ5	0.04	39QPMLAS-3V	0.02	39QPMLZ10	0.01
16QZ10	0.03	39QPMLAS-5V	0.02	39QPMLZ25	0.01
16QZ25	0.01	39QPMLAS-10V	0.01		

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder QF15:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8	BOX 9
QF15	16	Q	Z	3				D5C

BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Style</b>	<b>Media Type</b>	<b>Micron Rating</b>
QF15	16 39	Q QCLQF QPML	Z = Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) AS = Anti-Stat Pleat media (synthetic) W = W media (water removal)	1 = 1 µ Z-Media® 3 = 3 µ AS and Z-Media® 5 = 5 µ AS and Z-Media® 10 = 10 µ AS and Z-Media® 25 = 25 µ Z-Media®

BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8
<b>Housing Seal Material</b>	<b>Porting</b>	<b>Bypass Setting</b>
Omit = Buna N V = Viton®	P24 = 1½" NPTF P32 = 2" NPTF P40 = 2½" NPTF P48 = 3" NPTF  S32 = SAE-32  B24 = ISO 228 G-1½" B32 = ISO 228 G-2" B40 = ISO 228 G-2½" B48 = ISO 228 G-3"	F24 = 1½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F32 = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40 = 2½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48 = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61  F24M = 1½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F32M = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40M = 2½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48M = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61
		Omit = 30 psi cracking 40 = 40 psi cracking 50 = 50 psi cracking X = Blocked bypass

BOX 9	
Dirt Alarm® Options	
	Omit = None
Visual	DPG = Standard differential pressure gauge D5 = Visual pop-up D5C = D5 in cap D5R = D5 mounted opposite standard location
Visual with Thermal Lockout	D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout D8C = D8 in cap D8R = D8 mounted opposite standard location
Electrical	MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
Electrical with Thermal Lockout	MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T
Electrical Visual	MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout	MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

**NOTES:**

- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, 4 and 5, plus the letter V. Example: 16QZ1V
  - Box 3. QCLQF are CoreCentric® coreless elements – housing includes rigid metal core. QPML are deep-pleated elements with more media and higher dirt holding capacity.
  - Box 4. For option W, Box 3 must equal Q.
  - Box 6. All elements for this filter are supplied with Viton® seals. Seal designation in Box 6 applies to housing only. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.
  - Box 7. F24M, F32M, F40M and F48M are supplied with metric flange mounting holes.
  - Box 8. When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.
- Integral inlet and outlet test points are standard on all models.



# Base-Ported Filter

# QLF15



## Features and Benefits

- In-line version also available
- Element changeout from the top minimizes oil spillage
- Available with optional core assembly to accommodate coreless elements
- Offered with standard Q, QPML deep-pleated and QCLQF coreless elements in 16" and 39" lengths with Viton® seals as the standard
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, and flange porting
- Integral inlet and outlet test points are standard on all models
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- The QCLCF, coreless elements, are not interchangeable with the Q & QPML elements and vice versa

500 gpm  
1900 L/min  
 1500 psi  
 100 bar

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

**QLF15**

SSQLF15

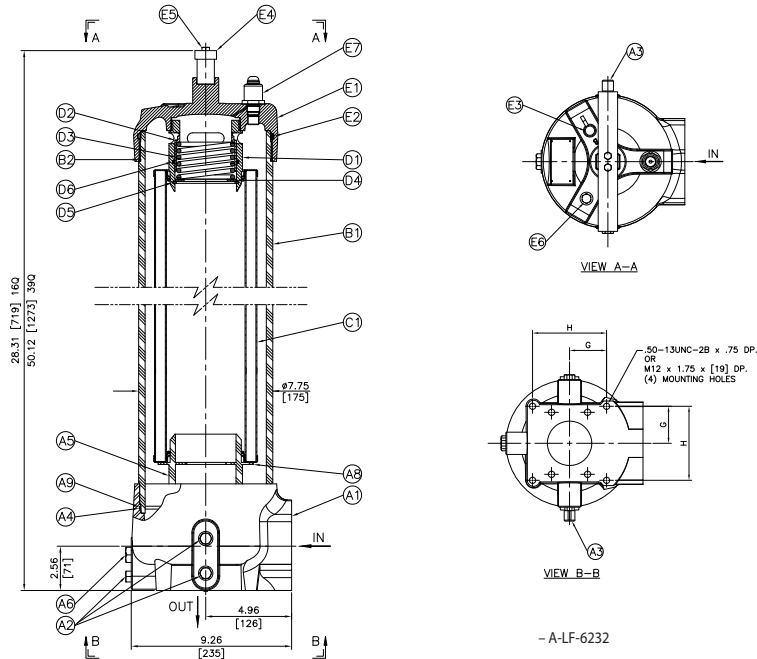
Model No. of filter in photograph is QLF1539QZ5F4850D5.

Flow Rating:	Up to 500 gpm (1900 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	1500 psi (100 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	4900 psi (340 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	800 psi (55 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 30 psi (2 bar) Full Flow: 55 psi (4 bar)
Porting Base & Cap:	Ductile Iron
Element Case:	Steel
Weight of QLF15-16Q:	121.0 lbs. (55.0 kg)
Weight of QLF15-39Q:	180.0 lbs. (82.0 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	16Q 12.00" (305 mm) 39Q 33.80" (859 mm)

## Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose), Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 µ and 25 µ Z-Media® and 10 µ ASP® media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10, and 25 µ Z-Media® and all ASP® media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® with H (EPR) seal designation and all ASP® media (synthetic)

## Fluid Compatibility



DIMENSIONAL DATA		
PORT SIZE	DIM G	DIM H
1½" (38)	2.00 (51)	4.00 (102)
2" (51)	2.00 (51)	4.00 (102)
2½ (64)	2.00 (51)	4.00 (102)
3" (76)	2.50 (63.5)	4.00 (102)

Metric dimensions in ( ).

## Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171		
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$	
16Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
39Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)	
16Q	Z1	276	CLQFZ1	307	PMLZ1	307
	Z3	283	CLQFZ3	315	PMLZ3	315
	Z5	351	CLQFZ5	364	PMLZ5	364
	Z10	280	CLQFZ10	306	PMLZ10	330
	Z25	254	CLQFZ25	278	PMLZ25	299
39Q	Z1	974	CLQFZ1	1259	PMLZ1	1485
	Z3	1001	CLQFZ3	1293	PMLZ3	1525
	Z5	954	CLQFZ5	1302	PMLZ5	1235
	Z10	940	CLQFZ10	1214	PMLZ10	1432
	Z25	853	CLQFZ25	1102	PMLZ25	1299

Element Collapse Rating: Q and QPML: 150 psid (10 bar), QCLQF: 100 psid (7 bar)

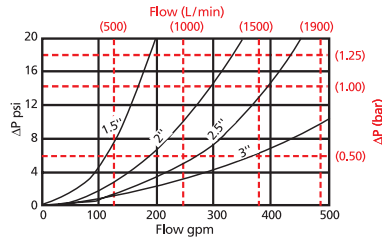
Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions:

- 16Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.85" (430 mm) long
- 16QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 18.21" (463 mm) long
- 16QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.00" (405 mm) long
- 39Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 38.70" (985 mm) long
- 39QCLQF: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 40.01" (1016 mm) long
- 39QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 37.80" (960 mm) long

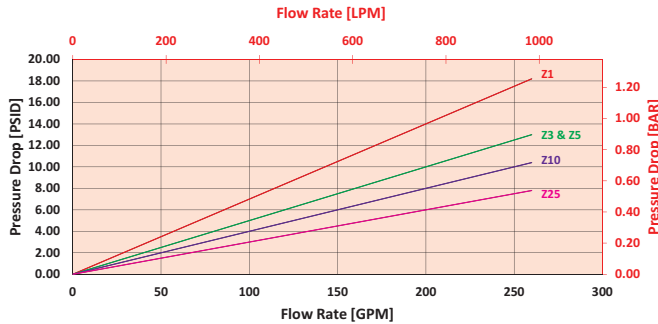
$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

QLF15  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:

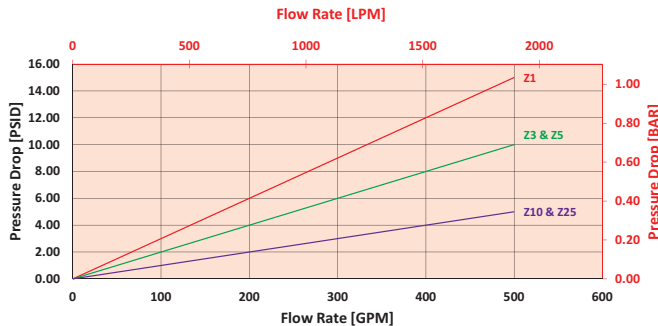


$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

16QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



39QCLQFZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 200 gpm (758 L/min) for QLF1516QZ3D5C using 100 SUS (21.3 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 2 psi (.14 bar) on the graph for the QLF15 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 7 psi (.48 bar) according to the graph for the 16QZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 100 SUS (21.3 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential,  $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$ . The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 2 \text{ psi } [.14 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 7 \text{ psi } [.48 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 100 \text{ SUS } (21.3 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = .67$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 2 \text{ psi} + (7 \text{ psi} * .67) = 6.7 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 14 \text{ bar} + (.48 \text{ bar} * .67) = .46 \text{ bar}$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

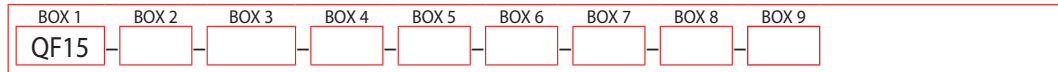
**Note:**

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

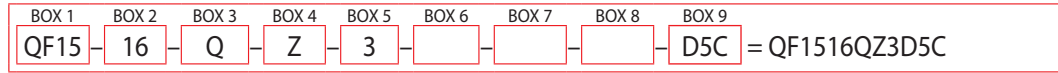
Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
16QAS3V	0.04	16QPMLZ1	0.08	39QZ1	0.03
16QAS5V	0.04	16QPMLZ3	0.05	39QZ3	0.01
16QAS10V	0.03	16QPMLZ5	0.05	39QZ5	0.01
16QPML-AS3V	0.05	16QPMLZ10	0.04	39QZ10	0.01
16QPML-AS5V	0.05	16QPMLZ25	0.02	39QZ25	0.01
16QPML-AS10V	0.04	39QAS3V	0.01	39QPMLZ1	0.03
16QZ1	0.09	39QAS5V	0.01	39QPMLZ3	0.02
16QZ3	0.04	39QAS10V	0.01	39QPMLZ5	0.02
16QZ5	0.04	39QPMLAS-3V	0.02	39QPMLZ10	0.01
16QZ10	0.03	39QPMLAS-5V	0.02	39QPMLZ25	0.01
16QZ25	0.01	39QPMLAS-10V	0.01		

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder QF15:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Style</b>	<b>Media Type</b>	
QLF15	16 39	Q QCLQF	Z = Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic) AS = Anti-Stat Pleat media (synthetic) W = W media (water removal)	
WQLF5 (Water)		QPML	Water System Element Options QM60 = Q size 60 µ M media (reusable metal) QM150 = Q size 150 µ M media (reusable metal)	
			<b>Micron Rating</b>	
			1 = 1 µ Z-Media® 3 = 3 µ AS and Z-Media® 5 = 5 µ AS and Z-Media® 10 = 10 µ AS and Z-Media® 25 = 25 µ Z-Media®	

BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8
<b>Housing Seal Material</b>	<b>Porting</b>	<b>Bypass Setting</b>
Omit = Buna N V = Viton®	P24 = 1½" NPTF P32 = 2" NPTF P40 = 2½" NPTF P48 = 3" NPTF  S32 = SAE-32  B24 = ISO 228 G-1½" B32 = ISO 228 G-2 B40 = ISO 228 G-2½" B48 = ISO 228 G-3"	Omit = 30 psi cracking 40 = 40 psi cracking 50 = 50 psi cracking X = Blocked bypass
	F24 = 1½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F32 = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40 = 2½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48 = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61  F24M = 1½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F32M = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40M = 2½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48M = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61	

BOX 9	
Dirt Alarm® Options	
	Omit = None
Visual	DPG = Standard differential pressure gauge D5 = Visual pop-up D5C = D5 in cap
Visual with Thermal Lockout	D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout D8C = D8 in cap
Electrical	MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS5 MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
Electrical with Thermal Lockout	MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T
Electrical Visual	MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout	MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

**NOTES:**

- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, 4, and 5 plus the letter V.  
Example: 16QZ1V
  - Box 3. QCLQF are CoreCentric® coreless elements – housing includes rigid metal core. QPML are deep-pleated elements with more media and higher dirt holding capacity.
  - Box 4. For option W, Box 3 must equal Q.
  - Box 6. All elements for this filter are supplied with Viton® seals. Seal designation in Box 6 applies to housing only. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.
  - Box 7. B24, B32 and B40 are supplied with metric mounting holes. F24M, F32M, F40M and F48M are supplied with metric flange mounting holes.
  - Box 8: When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.
- Integral inlet and outlet test points are standard on all models.

# Stainless Steel Base-Ported Filter

## SSQLF15



### Features and Benefits

- In-line version also available
- Element changeout from the top minimizes oil spillage
- Offered with standard Q and QPML deep-pleated coreless elements in 16" and 39" lengths with Viton® seals as the standard
- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, and flange porting
- Integral inlet and outlet test points are standard on all models
- Various Dirt Alarm® options
- All stainless steel provides compatibility with water-based fluids
- The QCLCF, coreless elements, are not interchangeable with the Q & QPML elements and vice versa

500 gpm  
1900 L/min  
 1500 psi  
 100 bar

GH

RLT

KF5

SRLT

K9

2K9

3K9

QF5

QF5i

2QF5/3QF5

QFD5

QF15

QLF15

**SSQLF15**

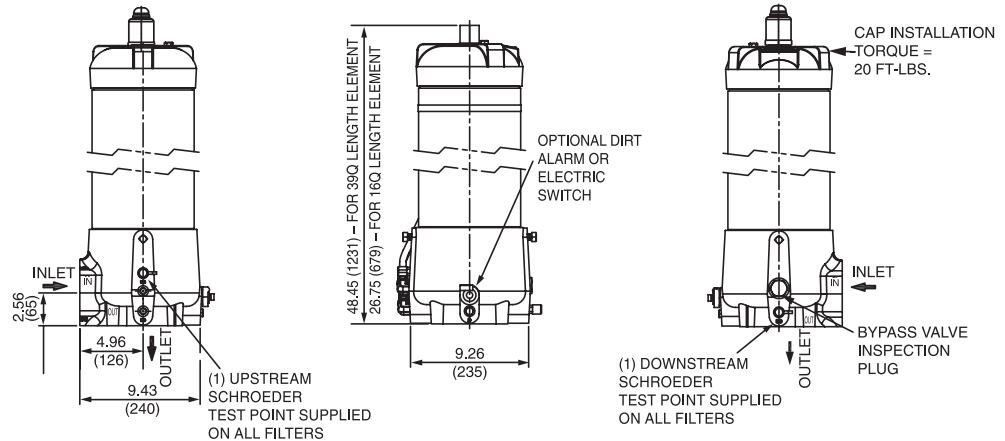
Model No. of filter in photograph is SSQLF1539QZ5F4850D5.

Flow Rating:	Up to 500 gpm (1900 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	1500 psi (100 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	4500 psi (310 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	Contact Factory
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 30 psi (2 bar) Full Flow: 55 psi (4 bar)
Porting Base & Cap:	Stainless Steel
Element Case:	Stainless Steel
Weight of SSQLF15-16Q:	163.0 lbs. (74.0 kg)
Weight of SSQLF15-39Q:	240.0 lbs. (109.0 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	16Q 12.00" (305 mm) 39Q 33.80" (859 mm)

### Filter Housing Specifications

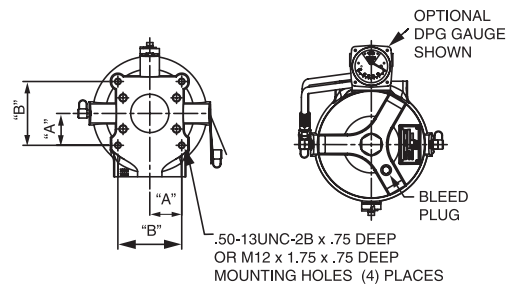
Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose), Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media® and 10 μ ASP® media (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media® and all ASP® media (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation and all ASP® media (synthetic)

### Fluid Compatibility



DIMENSIONAL DATA		
PORT SIZE	DIM A	DIM B
1½" (38)	2.00 (51)	4.00 (102)
2" (51)	2.00 (51)	4.00 (102)
2½" (64)	2.00 (51)	4.00 (102)
3" (76)	2.00 (51)	4.00 (102)
3" (4 bolt port only)	2.50 (64)	5.00 (127)

Metric dimensions in ( ).



## Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171		
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$	
16Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
39Q	Z1/CLQFZ1/PMLZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
	Z3/CLQFZ3/PMLZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
	Z5/CLQFZ5/PMLZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
	Z10/CLQFZ10/PMLZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
	Z25/CLQFZ25/PMLZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
16Q	Z1	PMLZ1	307
	Z3	PMLZ3	315
	Z5	PMLZ5	364
	Z10	PMLZ10	330
	Z25	PMLZ25	299
39Q	Z1	PMLZ1	1485
	Z3	PMLZ3	1525
	Z5	PMLZ5	1235
	Z10	PMLZ10	1432
	Z25	PMLZ25	1299

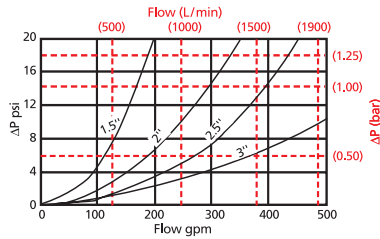
Element Collapse Rating: Q and QPML: 150 psid (10 bar)

Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions: 16Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.85" (430 mm) long  
 16QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 16.00" (405 mm) long  
 39Q: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 38.70" (985 mm) long  
 39QPML: 6.0" (150 mm) O.D. x 37.80" (960 mm) long

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

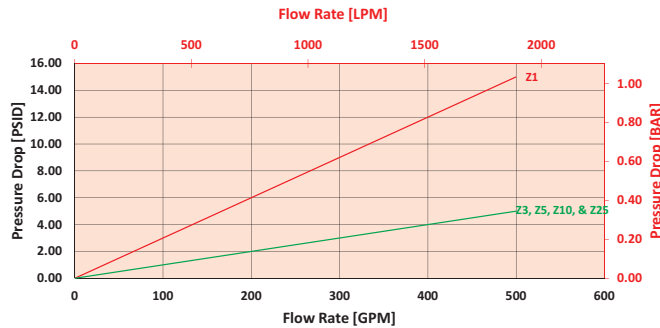
SSQLF15  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

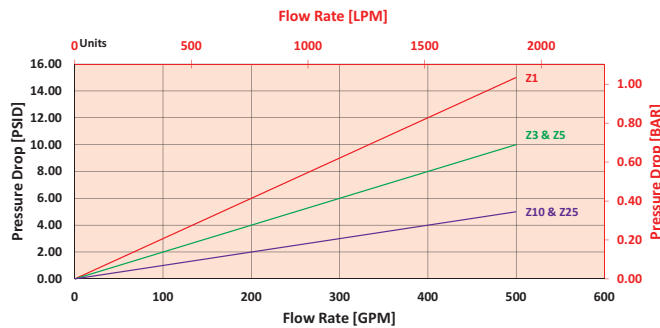
39QZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



39QPMLZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

**Exercise:**

Determine  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$  at 200 gpm (758 L/min) for SSQLF1516QZ3P48D9C using 100 SUS (21.3 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  is 2 psi (.14 bar) on the graph for the SSQLF housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  at 200 gpm. In this case,  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  is 7 psi (.48 bar) according to the graph for the 16QZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 100 SUS (21.3 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor ( $V_f$ ) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential,  $\Delta P_{\text{filter}}$ , is calculated by adding  $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$  with the true element pressure differential,  $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$ . The  $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$  from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

**Solution:**

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 2 \text{ psi } [.14 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 7 \text{ psi } [.48 \text{ bar}]$

$V_f = 100 \text{ SUS } (21.3 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = .67$

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 2 \text{ psi } + (7 \text{ psi } * .67) = 6.7 \text{ psi}$

OR

$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .14 \text{ bar } + (.48 \text{ bar } * .67) = .46 \text{ bar}$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

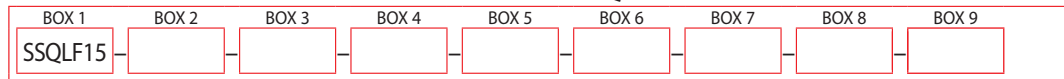
Note:

If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:  $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ . Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

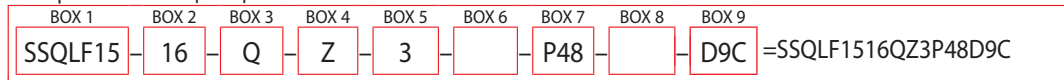
Ele.	$\Delta P$	Ele.	$\Delta P$
16QAS3V	0.04	16QPMLZ1	0.08
16QAS5V	0.04	16QPMLZ3	0.05
16QAS10V	0.03	16QPMLZ5	0.05
16QPMLAS3V	0.05	16QPMLZ10	0.04
16QPMLAS5V	0.05	16QPMLZ25	0.02
16QPMLAS10V	0.04	39QAS3V	0.01
16QZ1	0.09	39QAS5V	0.01
16QZ3	0.04	39QAS10V	0.01
16QZ5	0.04	39QPMLAS3V	0.02
16QZ10	0.03	39QPMLAS5V	0.02
16QZ25	0.01	39QPMLAS10V	0.01

## Filter Model Number Selection

### How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder SSQLF15:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4
<b>Filter Series</b>	<b>Element Length (in)</b>	<b>Element Style</b>	<b>Media Type</b>
SSQLF15	16 39	Q QCLQF QPML	Z = Excellen <sup>™</sup> Z-Media <sup>™</sup> (synthetic) AS = Anti-Stat Pleat media (synthetic) M = M media (reusable metal) W = W media (water removal) 150PSV = 150 μ nominal synthetic media with plastic outer wrap

BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7
<b>Micron Rating</b>	<b>Housing Seal Material</b>	<b>Porting</b>
1 = 1 μ Z-Media <sup>™</sup> 3 = 3 μ AS and Z-Media <sup>™</sup> 5 = 5 μ AS and Z-Media <sup>™</sup> 10 = 10 μ AS and Z-Media <sup>™</sup> 25 = 25 μ M and Z-Media <sup>™</sup> 60 = 60 μ M media 150 = 150 μ M-media or 150 PSV W = water removal media	Omit = Buna N H = EPR V = Viton <sup>™</sup>	P24 = 1½" NPTF P32 = 2" NPTF P40 = 2½" NPTF P48 = 3" NPTF S32 = SAE-32 B24 = ISO 228 G-1½" B32 = ISO 228 G-2" B40 = ISO 228 G-2½" B48 = ISO 228 G-3"  F24 = 1½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F32 = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40 = 2½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48 = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F24M = 1½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F32M = 2" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F40M = 2½" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61 F48M = 3" SAE 4-bolt flange Code 61

BOX 8	BOX 9
<b>Bypass Setting</b>	<b>Dirt Alarm<sup>®</sup> Options</b>
Omit = 30 psi cracking 50 = 50 psi cracking X = Blocked bypass	Omit = None Visual DPG = Standard differential pressure gauge D9 = Visual pop-up in base (stainless steel) D9C = D9 in cap (stainless steel)

#### NOTES:

- Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3, 4 and 5 plus the letter V.  
Example: 16QZ1V
- Box 4. For options W, 150PSV, M25, M60, and M150, Box 3 must equal Q.
- Box 6. All elements for this filter are supplied with Viton<sup>™</sup> seals. Seal designation in Box 6 applies to housing only. Viton<sup>™</sup> is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.
- Box 7. B24, B32 and B40 are supplied with metric mounting holes. F24M, F32M, F40M and F48M are supplied with metric flange mounting holes.
- Box 8: When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.

Integral inlet and outlet test points are standard on all models.